THE
ASHEVILLE NEWS
Is Published Weekly,
BY THOMAS W. ATKIN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

☞TERMS.—*Two Dollars* per annum, in advance; *Two Dollars and fifty cents* in six months; or *Three Dollars* at the end of the year.

☞Advertisements inserted at *One Dollar* per square of *twelve* lines, for the first and *twenty-five* cents for each subsequent insertion.

☞Business and professional cards, not exceeding five lines, Five Dollars per annum; over five and under twelve lines, Ten Dollars per annum.

☞For announcing the name of a candidate, Three Dollars.

From these terms there will be no departure, in any case. Liberal contracts made with those who desire to advertise by the year.

POSITIVELY,

All accounts for subscription, advertising and job work are due at the close of the year. This rule we shall rigidly enforce, and expect all who trade with us to settle once a year.

Swannanoa Lodge, No. 56,

I. O. O. F.

Holds its regular meetings every Thursday evening, at Temperance Hall.

ED. J. ASTON, *N. G.*
J. LOVE HENRY, *R. S.*
Asheville, Aug. 26, 1858. tf

DR. J. F. E. HARDY
AND
DR. W. L. HILLIARD,

HAVE this day associated themselves in the practice of *MEDICINE*, in its various branches.

DR. HARDY, who is daily in the village, will be always ready to examine cases and make out prescriptions; and when in his power visit cases in the country. DR. HILLIARD will attend to his town and country practice, as usual. We would especially call the attention of all persons laboring under diseases requiring Surgical aid, to this card. We will take especial pains to assist all persons living at a distance in procuring suitable boarding houses in or near the village, and render them such relief as the profession is capable of.

Office at Dr. Hilliard's Drug Store.
Asheville, January 2, 1855.—tf

M. L. NEILSON, M. D.,
ASHEVILLE, N. C.

January 11, 1855. tf.

DR. J. S. T. BAIRD,

HAVING permanently located on BEAVER DAM, two miles North of Asheville, offers his professional services to the public, in the various branches of his profession.—He can always be found at home, unless professionally absent.

March 18, 1858.

DR. H. G. LUNGREN,

HAVING permanently located in Franklin, Macon county, N. C., offers his services to the inhabitants of said county and those adjoining. Dr. L. has been heretofore employed as Chief Resident Physician to the Northern Clinical Infirmary of Philadelphia, where he has met with and successfully treated disease of both chronic and acute nature.

Dr. L. will be found at his office in Col. Moore's building, at all times, unless professionally engaged. [Franklin, Ap. 15th, '58.

G. W. WHITSON,
SURGEON DENTIST,
ASHEVILLE, N. C.

David Coleman,
Attorney at Law,
ASHEVILLE, N. C.
March 3, 1853.—tf.

GEN. B. M. EDNEY

WILL practice Law regularly hereafter in the Superior Courts of Cherokee, Macon, Jackson, Haywood, Henderson, Buncombe, Madison, Yancy, Rutherford & Polk.
Office, Hendersonville, N. C. [Feb.12'57ly

BURTON & GOLD,
Attorneys at Law,
SHELBY, CLEAVELAND COUNTY, N. C.

WILL practice in the Superior Courts of Law and Equity of all the counties in the 7th Judicial District. Shelby, April 17, 1856. tf

W. M. HARDY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Will attend the Courts of Jackson, Haywood, Henderson, Buncombe, Madison and McDowell.
Asheville, Jan. 8th, 1857. tf

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having purchased the interest of *L. CHAPMAN*, in the firm of Chapman, Rankin & Co., will continue the business at the old stand, under the name and style of Rankin & Chapman.
J. B. RANKIN,
R. H. CHAPMAN.
Asheville Jan 1, 1857.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

Are receiving an additional stock of Ready Made

Clothing, Hats, Bonnets, Jewelry, Watches, &c., &c.,

making their stock very complete. Call and examine it. July 24, 1857.

LADIES

WISHING to purchase fine DRESS GOODS for spring and summer wear, are advised to call on
RANKIN & CHAPMAN.
April 3. tf

MACCARONI,

Potash for making soap, Table Salt, Coxe's Refined Sparkling Gelatine, &c., &c., for sale by
RANKIN & CHAPMAN.
August 19, 1858.

FRESH Drugs and Medicines, constantly arriving, and always on hand at
E. J. ASTON'S.
August 5.

THE ASHEVILLE NEWS.

VOL. 10—No. 9.] ASHEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1858. [WHOLE No. 477.

RARE BOOKS!!!!!

0:——:0

THE undersigned being the sole agent for the sale of the following valuable books, has the pleasure to offer the citizens of Western North Carolina, an opportunity to secure them at Publishers prices.

AMERICAN ELOQUENCE:—A collection of Speeches and Addresses, Forensic and Parliamentary, by the Most Eminent Orators of America, with Biographical Sketches, Illustrative notes, and an Analytical Index, By FRANK MOORE. 2 Vols. Royal 8vo. Embellished with 14 Fine Portraits, on Steel, of Famous American Orators. Price for the two Volumes in cloth, $5; Library style, $6; half mor., $7; half calf extra, $8.

BENTON'S ABRIDGMENT OF THE DEBATES IN CONGRESS.—To be completed in 15 vols., royal octavo. Price, $3 00; a vol., cloth; $3 50 law sheep; $4 00 hf. mor.; $4 50 hf. calf.

THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.—Edited by Geo. Ripley and Chas. A. Dana. To be completed in 15 volumes, royal octavo.—$3 00 per volume, in cloth; $3 50 library leather; $4 00 half morocco; $4 50 half Russia extra.

BURTON'S CYCLOPÆDIA OF WIT AND HUMOR.—Now complete in 2 very large vols. Illustrated with more than 500 cuts expressly designed to illustrate the text, also 24 portraits of distinguished humorists. Price, in cloth, $7; library leather, $8.

BENTON'S THIRTY YEARS' VIEW.—Complete in 2 vols., octavo. Price, per vol., $2 cloth; $3 00 library, leather. Either vol. sold separate.

TERMS.—Cash on delivery of the vols. as issued.

Call and examine specimen copies at the Brick Corner immediately opposite the Court House. ED J. ASTON.
July 15, 1858.

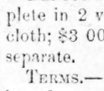
A HOMESTEAD FOR $10.

10,000 FARMS AND BUILDING Lots in the Gold Region and other portions of Virginia, are to be divided among 10,000 subscribers, for the benefit of the new town of

RAPPAHANNOCK,

situated in Culpepper county. Subscribers *only* $10 each, one half down, the rest on delivery of the Deed. Every subscriber will get a building lot or a farm, ranging in value from $10 up to $30,000. The object is to build up the town, manufactures and trade, by encouraging men of limited means to come in and grow with the place and thus raise the value of the land to that at the North, now selling at from $100 to $500 per acre. It can be done in four or five years.—The soil is just as good quality and the advantages greater. Already lots in Rappahannock sold at $10 have been re-sold at from $30 to $400 cash. Where in the Union can wealth be made faster? Let all buy a lot or a farm whilst it can be got cheap, or come and settle and get one GRATIS. For full particulars, Agencies, &c., apply to
E. BAUDER, Port Royal, Va.
Or to Dr. Jno. S. Livingston, Shufordsville, N. C., who will ride 50 miles to wait on customers.
July 15, 1858—3m.

CATTLE MARKET.



PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the *Charleston Cattle Market and Public Scales*, at the Farm of the Agricultural Society of South Carolina, junction of Meeting & King Streets, are now ready for weighing, sale, and accommodation of all parties bringing Cattle to this market. Jos. F. O'Hear, Esq., has been appointed Public Weigher. By order.
ROBERT MACBETH.
Chief Clerk of Markets.
July 15, 1858. cow3m

ASHEVILLE
CARRIAGE SHOP.

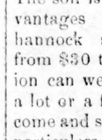
THE undersigned take pleasure in informing the citizens of Asheville, and the surrounding country, that they have formed a partnership, in the south end of Asheville, for the purpose of carrying on the Carriage and Buggy making business in all its branches. They have in their employment a practical Painter and Trimmer.

Those who have jobs they want repainted and trimmed, would do well to call. All work done at short notice. They flatter themselves that their work cannot be surpassed in Western Carolina. Repairing neatly done at short notice, and prices as low as the times will permit, and cash not refused.
McGREGOR & TRIPLETT,
South end of Asheville.
July 15, 1858.

Wanted Immediately!

AGENTS in every town and county in the Union. Business easy and honorable. Salary from $50 to $75 per month. Address, with stamp enclosed, OSMENT & JOHNSON,
Box 210, Cleveland, Tenn.
July 8, 4858. 3m*

LAND FOR SALE.



THE undersigned offers for sale a Tract of LAND, situated in Jackson county, N. C., 7 miles above Webster, on the waters of Cullowhee Creek.

The Tract contains 78 acres, more or less; some 60 acres of it is improved land, in a fine state of cultivation. Of the above Tract about 50 acres of it is Bottom Land unsurpassed by the best land in Western Carolina.

I will also sell some Timbered Lands near by, if desired.

Said lands will be sold on accommodating terms for ready money; or, if three-fourths of the purchase money is paid, a credit of 12 months will be given for the remainder.

Further information can be had by seeing the undersigned, on the premises, or by addressing him at Webster, N. C.
DAVID ROGERS.
July 1, 1858. 6w

Ice Soda Water.

ALL who wish a cool, wholesome and delicious beverage, will find it opposite Gudger's Hotel, at
W. H. JACKSON & CO'S.
June 24 1858.

A FINE Lot of Havana Segars just received and for sale by
W. H. JACKSON & CO.
August 3, 1858.

Bishop Atkinson's Appointments.

August	29,	Leaksville.
September	1,	Salem.
"	3,	Huntsville.
"	5,	Richmond Hill.
"	7,	Grimes' Chapel.
"	9,	Wilkesboro'.
"	12,	Jefferson.
"	15,	Valle Crucis.
"	18,	Grove Chapel.
"	19,	Lenoir.
"	21 and 22,	Morganton.
"	25 and 26,	Asheville.
"	28,	Johnston's Chapel.
"	30,	a. m., Flat Rock.
"	30,	p. m., Hendersonville.
October	3,	Rutherfordton.
"	6 and 7,	Lincolnton.
"	10,	Charlotte.
"	11,	p. m., Concord.
"	12,	p. m., Salisbury.
"	13,	Salisbury.
"	15,	Mocksville.
"	16,	St. Andrew's, Rowan.
"	17,	Christ's Church, Rowan.
"	18,	St. James', Iredell.
"	20,	Lexington.
"	22,	Hillsboro'.
"	24,	Chapel Hill.
"	26,	Pittsboro'.

To all Whom it may Concern.

THE undersigned is now in receipt of a very handsome lot of Goods for

Gentlemen's Clothing,

which he is offering for cash as low down as the times will permit, and to first class paying men on reasonable terms on very short time. The utmost pains will be taken to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their orders. He feels justified in saying to his old friends and patrons generally, that his work and styles shall be second to no house in the State.

Every description of

CLOTHING

will be manufactured in his establishment, from a shirt collar to the most costly garment.

The subscriber solicits orders from gentlemen in Western Carolina generally. Orders from a distance must come with references, or they will receive no attention.

Thankful for past favors, he hopes by being able to send forth articles superior to all competition, to realize an increased portion of public favor and patronage.

Gentlemen of Western North Carolina, try me in preference to Northern slop-shop men.
H. F. WOLSTENHOLME.
Asheville, June 24, 1858. tf

TO THE LADIES.

WE respectfully invite the ladies of Asheville and the surrounding country to call and examine our stock of prints, colored muslins and lawns, jackonets, swiss, medium checked embroidered and dotted muslins, ribbons, hosiery, gloves, shoes, &c., &c. At Smith & Chapman's old stand, opposite Gudger's Hotel.
W. H. JACKSON & CO.

JUST RECEIVED.

WE have just received, and offer for sale, large lot of Rio and Laguyra

Coffee, Crushed and Brown Sugars, Molasses, Rice, Soda, Fine Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pearl Starch, Imperial and Black Teas, French Olives, Prunes, Citron, White Wine Vinegar, Pickled Salmon, Turpentine Soap, Indigo, Madder, Pepper, Spice, Ginger, &c.

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.
July 29, 1858.

SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BUNCOMBE COUNTY, N. C.

THE subscriber having taken charge of this celebrated watering place, would inform the public in search of health or pleasure, that the house will be open and ready for the reception of company on the

First Day of July.

The establishment is commodious and well arranged, and the whole will be in first rate order, so as to render guests comfortable, and make their visit pleasant.

The table will be supplied with every luxury the country affords; and faithful and attentive servants will be in readiness to minister to the wants and gratify the wishes of all.

A GOOD BAND OF MUSIC

is engaged for the season, and will "discourse sweet sounds" morning, noon and night.

The stables will be under the care of an experienced hostler.

There is also connected with the establishment

A LINE OF HACKS,

and gentlemen can be conveyed any where with comfort, safety and speed. A Hack will run regularly twice a day between Asheville and the Springs.

No expense will be regarded, and no effort spared, to render a visit to these health-imparting Springs pleasant and beneficial. There is room for several hundred guests, and all shall be made comfortable.

The Springs are five miles west of Asheville.

The Stables at the subscriber's old stand in Asheville will be kept up as usual, and horses, hacks, or buggies can be had at any hour.
THOMAS GOODLAKE.
June 24 1858

STABLER'S Cherry Expectorant, for sale at ASTON'S.

HAVE YOU SEEN IT?

IF not, call and see *The Wonderful Pump* now on exhibition at the Grand Emporium of Health and Beauty, commonly known as ASTON'S.
August 26, 1858.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral, for sale at ASTON'S.

THE NEWS.

THOS. W. ATKIN, Editor.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Thursday, Sept. 9, 1858.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to act as agents for this paper:

L. S. SAUNDERS, Esq., Murphey, N. C.
T. P. SILER, Esq., Franklin.
A. M. FINLEY, Esq., Marion.

☞The Newbern Gazette, No. 1, volume 1, is before us. It is a large, well printed, and ably edited Weekly newspaper; and we hope it will secure a patronage commensurate with its merits.

☞It is confidently asserted that in a few weeks several parties will be sent on a club-organizing expedition, with plenty of capital to bring the name of Gen. Winfield Scott before the country for the "People's" nomination in 1860.

ALARMING FATALITY.—The Mobile *Advertiser* states that at Greenville, Miss., a family of seven fell victims to the "milk sickness." Milk was a daily article of food in the family, and they ignorantly continued the use of it after their cows had been attacked by the prevailing disease, and died.

AN AMERICAN NEWSPAPER AT SALT LAKE.—Kirk Anderson, the intelligent and talented army correspondent of the St. Louis *Republican*, has all the traps fixed for the publication of a Gentile newspaper at Salt Lake, Utah Territory. When that event happens the Saints will swear worse than did "our army in Flanders!"

BOGUS GOLD DOLLARS.—Look out for a well gotten-up gold dollar, of the "bogus kind," the result of the labors of an ingenious crew of rascally counterfeiters in Massachusetts. Nothing but strong acid will show the deceit.

Exciting News from Mexico--An Administration Run Mad.

The news from Mexico would seem to indicate that the administration of President Zuloaga has run mad. Not only does it continue the most obnoxious and insulting course toward our Minister, whose relations with it are closed, but it is resorting to schemes of the most outrageous robbery for the purpose of getting money out of the wealthy Mexican citizens. We quote from the special correspondence of the New York *Herald* as follows:

SQUEEZING RICH MEN.

For the past week we have had considerable excitement in gossiping circles, growing out of the arrest of two of our principal men of wealth, Don. Manuel Escandon, and a brother-in law of Gen. Robles, Don Miguel Bringas. The cause of their arrest is this:—About ten days or a fortnight ago, the government conceived the idea of replenishing its beggared treasury by forcing the principal men of wealth of this city to loan the nation $1,000,000 on the paper of the church. The capitalists, who had heretofore been the staunch supporters of this government, did not like the manner in which this proposition was made, and declined the *negocio*. The government urged it, but the capitalists held out. This excited the government, and hence their imprisonment. Besides incarceration, the government imposes a fine of $1,000 per diem for their perverseness in refusing the amounts asked of them. Up to last night these gentlemen still remained in prison, and still persisted in refusing to pay their assessments.

Several others of the rich have been pursued by the police, but have hidden themselves. In cases where parties have not paid something to gratify the government, passports have been made out, and several gentlemen, who are now "away on their haciendas," will find these interesting documents on their tables when they return.

NEWSPAPERS SUPPRESSED.

At present the liberal press is closed up, and all of the editors in jail except Moran.—Yassen, of the French paper, got his passports a few days ago, and has hidden himself. Yarco, of the *Siglo*, has hidden himself, and the editor of the *Extraordinary* would certainly have been ordered to leave had he not have been of the English language. The government commenced to prosecute him, but found he had too much influence on his side.

MR. FORSYTH NOTIFIED TO TAKE CARE OF HIMSELF.

The editor of the *Siglo* was chased into the United States Legation a few days since by the police. He took refuge there in defiance of the police, but was afterward induced to leave his comfortable quarters by Mr. Forsyth, who "could not compromise his legation in that manner." Poor Yarco was therefore forced to make his escape by the *azotea*, and secrete himself as best he could.—This act of Mr. Forsyth has altogether made him unpopular with both sides. The government, in consequence, have, or will, notify Mr. Forsyth that, in the event of a tumult, he (Mr. F.) must take care of himself.

Indeed, it is said, so well is Mr. F. marked by the police, that two days since he came very near being the instrument of a gross insult to the diplomatic cloth of the United States by his reduction to prison as a common vagabond. The circumstance was about this: Mr. Forsyth was returning from a morning ride, when he came up with two dogs that were wrangling about a bone in one of the principal streets. This very common canine amusement in Mexico terminated suddenly by the parties to the combat rubbing violently against the feet of a lamplighter's ladder, and overturning the lamplighter in the street with a great crash of glass, splatter of oil, and, bystanders think, the fracture of several of the lamp lighter's ribs.

The clatter and crash excited the mettle of Mr. Forsyth's fiery horse, and he was in consequence seen flying from the scene of the disaster. The police, of course, always regarding fugitives as culprits, set after him, and augmented at every block until Mr. F. had gone four blocks, when his horse was seized, and he ordered to regard with submission the representatives of law and order. In vain did Mr. F. plead his sacred and inviolable person. The police cunningly suggested, in reply, that any one might do the same thing to escape from justice. Mr. F. was then forced to disclose a six shooter, which, presented with the *avis* that if they persisted, he should be forced to disturb their brains, induced the police to fall back and allow the representative of the United States to pass on to his home.

[From the New York Courier and Enquirer.]

The Wheat Crop of 1858.

The wheat crop in the several States may be considered as harvested and partially ready for market. We can, therefore, give the following returns with some degree of certainty:

New York—The crop is under the last year's about fifteen per cent., but the quality is much better.

Pennsylvania—The crop is fully an average one, but ten per cent. less than last year per acre.

Maryland—The crop is an average one, but less per acre, and better in quality, than last year.

Virginia—The wheat crop in this State is twenty per cent. less than last year for the amount of ground in cultivation, and the quality not much superior.

North Carolinia—The crop in this State is probably nearer to a total failure than in any other—the yield being fully fifty per cent. less than last year, and poor in quality.

Kentucky—The crop is above the average, but less than last year. The quality, however, is unsurpassed.

Tennessee—The crop is a good one, but under the average in the yield per acre. The quality is good.

Missouri—The amount of the wheat crop in this State is not fully known, but it will generally compare well per acre with the other Western States.

Ohio—The yield of wheat per acre is fully twenty per cent. less than last year, but from the increase of land in cultivation the decrease from an average crop will not much exceed ten per cent.

Iowa—the accounts from the center of the State in regard to the wheat crop are very gloomy. The crop will hardly average ten bushels to the acre. Oats are generally a failure.

Illinois—In Southern Illinois the yield of wheat is about a fair average, rather under than over. The winter wheat has been generally successful, and spring wheat the reverse. In other parts of the State the yield will not be over half the usual crop.

Indiana—In Indiana the yield of wheat has been from one-half to two thirds of the average crop.

Minnesota—The yield of wheat in this State is of better quality than usual, and in quantity is nearly two thirds the usual crop.

Michigan—The yield of wheat in Michigan is over two thirds an average crop, and generally of good quality.

Wisconsin—The crop of wheat is up to the average, and greater extent in cultivation, compensating for any deficiency in the yield per acre.

The upward tendency in wheat, promising good prices and the present fair prices, will, we think, make the receipts at tide-water, this year, nearly equal to those of last year. The quality of last year's wheat is such that an attempt to store it longer will be ruinous. We have reason, therefore, for believing that the movement of the crop to the seaboard will be active for the rest of the year.

The above we believe to be a very fair summary of the advices received as to the condition of the wheat crop in the States named.

The Albany, N. Y., *Statesman* dissents as follows from one of the *Courier's* statements:

The *Courier*, however, is sadly at fault in its speculations as to the receipts of wheat at tide water. The receipts will be at least thirty, and may probably be fifty per cent. ahead of the receipts of 1857. Already we have this year, to August 15, 4,926,639 bushels, delivered from the canal to tide-water. The receipts in 1857, for the whole season, were 5,763,400 bushels. This deficiency will, in all probability, be made up before September 1, leaving the receipts for September, October and November as so much gain over the receipts of 1857. The receipts in September, October and November, 1857, were 4,173,916 bushels. We do not expect to receive so much as this in September, October and November of this year, owing to deficiency in the crop, although there is every inducement to send wheat forward. But we think enough will be sent forward to make the excess in the receipts of 1858 over those of 1857 at least thirty per cent.

☞It is said that Major Izard, of Mississippi, and Francis F. Duffau, of Texas, are the only men left of General Quitman's company of volunteers who went to Texas to assist her in her struggles against Mexico in 1836.

The Captured Africans.

As the arrival of a captured slave ship in this port is an event new to the present generation of citizens and residents, it will be readily supposed that it has furnished the chief staples of conversation in all parties.—The officers of quarantine and others who have had opportunities of visiting the brig Echo, since her arrival, as reported in the Courier of Saturday morning, have been plied with ceaseless questions by hundreds of eager inquirers, and groups and knots of citizens have been actively and busily engaged in discussing the transaction and the laws applicable to it.

The Echo is a full rigged brig of 200 tons, with a slave deck, fore and aft masts, and presents generally the appearance of a "smart" vessel. The vessel was formerly known as the Putman, of New Orleans, which title can yet be traced, in part, on her stern.

So far as we have ascertained particulars, the Echo took on board four hundred and fifty Africans, from the Guinea coast, and had been out forty five days when captured.

The number of Africans returned and delivered yesterday to the United States Marshal, Dr. D. H. Hamilton, was three hundred—two hundred and sixty males and forty females. This shows a mortality at the rate of thirty three per cent. since the departure from Africa. The rate of mortality, as calculated in time, has diminished since the Echo was captured.

In order to make arrangements and provisions for the best possible relief for the Africans, now under disease, and to prevent the spreading of any disease, the captive crew was landed yesterday at Castle Pinckney.—This step was taken, of course, by authority, and with the consent of all concerned, and the transfer was made by the steamer Gen. Clinch, chartered for that purpose by James Conner, Esq., United States District Attorney. A guard, detailed from the United States forces in this command, has been assigned to Castle Pinckney.

As the Africans passed from the steamer to Castle Pinckney wharf, they presented a sad and affecting sight, which was closely observed by all present. Many were reduced to walking skeletons, and some evidently in a dying condition. A few cases indicated dropsies, and there were instances of hernia. Some also exhibit traces of other diseases, but a goodly number were apparently in health. Many of them are very young.

Sixteen seamen of the captured crew were brought up to the city in the steam tug Aid, and have been lodged in jail, under charge of the United States Marshal. They are able bodied and fine looking seamen—the profits of this trade being sufficient to secure the best crews.

Others of the crew who were expected by Catawba did not arrive, and two of the crew—a German and a Portuguese—are at large at Key West.

The Captain—or the one supposed to have been in command of the Echo—is still a prisoner in the Dolphin, and will probably be taken to Boston for trial.—*Charleston Courier 30th.*

Is the Atlantic Cable a Fulfillment of Prophesy!

The religious element having entered into the spirit of rejoicing with which the news of the laying of the Atlantic cable has been received, and it being claimed in some quarters that the discovery of the telegraph was a sort of inspiration, it is interesting to notice what may be deemed a prophetic vision of that event. That which we now see realized the Evangelist may have seen eighteen hundred years ago on the island of Patmos, as in a glass dimly, and the following prophetic words may, without much straining, be applied to the great wonder of the age:

"And I saw another mighty angel come down from Heaven clothed with a cloud; and a rainbow was upon his head, and his face was as it were the sun, and his feet as pillars of fire:

"And he had in his hand a little book open; and he set his right foot upon the sea and his left foot upon the earth:

"And cried with a loud voice as when a lion roareth; and when he had cried, seven thunders uttered their voices.

"And when the seven thunders had uttered their voices I was about to write, and I heard a voice from Heaven say unto me, seal up those things which the seven thunders had uttered, and write them not.

"And the angel which I saw stand upon the sea and upon the earth lifted up his hand to heaven.

"And swore by him that liveth forever and ever, who created heaven and the things that therein are, and the earth and the things that therein are, and the sea and the things which are therein, that there should be time no longer."

It is not the business of newspaper editors to interpret prophesies. We leave that to divines, whose more appropriate function it is. Nevertheless, it strikes us that the connection of the Old and New Worlds by the electric telegraph comes nearer realization of this vision than do the fulfillments claimed for most of the prophesies of the Bible. It requires no great stretch of the imaginative faculties to look upon electricity as a realization of the idea of the other "mighty angel come down from heaven clothed with a cloud," a rainbow upon his head and a little book (typical of economy of words) in his hand; and the cable answers exactly to the description given of the angel having his right foot upon the sea and his left foot on the earth.—The picture is completed, and the assimilation all but perfected by the reference to the heaven and the earth and the sea, and by the announcement that "time shall be no longer."

Whether the prophesy relates or not to the subject with which we have suggested its connection, it is remarkable that the last clause of it is being literally fulfilled. Time exists no longer. The dispatch that is forwarded from London at noon is received in New York four or five hours before the sun reaches his meridian. What prophesy has been fulfilled in ancient or modern times with so much exactitude as that which is found at the commencement of the tenth chapter of Revelations?—*N. Y. Herald.*

☞Of the 48 Senators who took their seats in the eighteenth Congress in 1823, but two survive—Martin Van Buren of New York, and John Branch of North Carolina—the latter of whom was a member of Gen. Jackson's first Cabinet.

[From the Iredell Express.]

Stockholders' Meeting.

MORGANTON, AUGUST 26th, 1858.

The Stockholders of the Western North Carolina Rail Road Company convened in general meeting in the Town of Morganton, N. C., this day, at 11 o'clock—when

On motion of R. C. Pearson, Esq., George F. Davidson, Esq., was appointed Chairman, and on motion, the meeting was further organised by the appointment of Samuel McD. Tate and M. L. McCorkle, Secretaries.

Whereupon E. J. Erwin, Esq., on behalf of the Committee on Proxies, reported, that 141 Stockholders holding 1138 shares of Stock were represented by Proxies, and 69 Stockholders, holding 3181 shares were personally in attendance, which report was received and adopted: And it appearing from said Report that the requisite number of Stockholders, holding a majority of the Stock subscribed by individuals, were present in person and proxy, the Chairman declared the Meeting duly organised and ready for the transaction of business.

Burgess S. Gaither, Esq., presented credentials, authorizing and empowering him to act as the Proxy and representative of the State of North Carolina, which were duly received, and he was allowed to take his seat in the Meeting accordingly.

The Report of the President on behalf of the Board of Directors, as also the Reports of the Chief Engineer and Committee of Finance, were then severally submitted and read, and on motion laid upon the Table.

On motion of M. L. McCorkle, the meeting proceeded to ballot for four Directors.

The Chair appointed D. A. Davis and E. J. Erwin, Esquires, to take the vote, who, upon performance of that duty reported, that John I. Shaver of Rowan, Otho Gillespie of Iredell, Jonas Cline of Catawba, and John C. McDowell of Burke, had received each a majority the votes cast, and were therefore, duly elected Directors on the part of the individual Stockholders for the ensuing year—which report was concurred in.

On motion the meeting then took a recess until 2 1-2 o'clock, P. M.

2 1-2 O'CLOCK, P. M.

The Meeting was called to order by the Chair.

On motion of Charles F. Fisher, Esq., the Reports of the President, Chief Engineer, and Committee of Finance were taken up and considered, and after debate, were severally received and adopted.

Tod R. Caldwell, Esq, offered the following resolutions, to wit:

"Resolved, That the committee of Finance for the ensuing fiscal year, be required to furnish to the Stockholders at the next annual meeting, a report or statement showing how and for what the funds belonging to the W. N. C. R. Road Company have been expended, and that in their said report or statement they set forth each item of expense, to whom due, by whom contracted and how paid, and that said report extend back to the beginning of the first fiscal year.

Resolved further, That said Committee, after they shall have completed said report, shall cause a sufficient number of copies of the same to be published so as to furnish each individual Stockholder with a copy thereof on the first day of the next general Meeting of the Stockholders, and that the Treasurer of the Company be authorised to defray the expenses thereof."

D. A. Davis, Esq., moved to amend the first resolution by striking out all after the words "how paid" After debate, and before a vote was had upon the amendment, the resolutions together with said amendment, were, on motion of W. W. Avery, Esq., laid upon the Table.

It was then ordered, That Milus F. Freeland, A. W. Jameison and Charles A. Carlton, be appointed a committee of Finance to examine into the finances of the Company and the accounts of the Treasurer, and make report at the next annual meeting of the Stockholders.

It was also ordered, That D. A. Davis, N. N. Fleming and J. E. Kerr, be appointed a Committee on Proxies to serve at the next annual meeting. On motion of Charles F. Fisher, Esq. it was

Resolved, That the salary of the Secretary and Treasurer, be increased to Twelve hundred and fifty dollars. On motion of W. W. Avery, Esq. it was

Resolved, That six hundred copies of the proceedings of this meeting together with the Reports of the Officers, be printed in pamphlet form for the use of the members of this Company.

The following resolutions were then offered by John A. Dickson, Esq., and unanimously adopted, to wit:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Meeting are due, and are hereby tendered to George F. Davidson, Esq., for the dignity, ability and impartiality with which he has presided over the deliberations of this meeting.

Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting are likewise tendered to Samuel McD. Tate and M. L. McCorkle, for the efficient services rendered by them as Secretaries.

On motion of Wm. F. McKesson, Esq., the meeting now adjourned to meet in the Town of Salisbury, on the last Thursday in August, A. D., 1859.

G. F. DAVIDSON, Chair.

S. McD. TATE, } Secretaries.
M. L. McCORKLE, }

At a subsequent meeting of the Directors of said Company, to wit: N. W. Woodfin of Buncombe, Wm. Murphy of McDowell, E. J. Erwin and R. C. Pearson of Burke, Joseph Corpening of Caldwell, Dr. A. M. Powell of Catawba, George F. Davidson of Iredell, and A. Henderson of Rowan on the part of the State, and John I. Shaver, O. Gillespie, Jonas Cline and Dr. John C. McDowell on the part of the Individual Stockholders, Robert C. Pearson of Morganton, was unanimously re elected President of the Company for the ensuing year.

The Blue Ridge Road.

A correspondent writes as follows to the Edgefield *Advertiser*. It will be found to contain an interesting account of the progress of this enterprise:

Ah! this is the Blue Ridge, with its long sweep of beetling crags, looming up, grand, stern, huge, sombre and sublime, like the battlements of some aerial genii. What is that we see rising up, graceful as a Grecian column, from the brow of yon high, dusky mountain? Is it smoke issuing from one of the "burst furnaces" of a volcano? But while we yet gaze, admire and wonder, the winds have broken the beautiful column, spreading it as a veil over the face of the mountain, and we see at once that it is nothing but a cloud. How natural it is for one, amid surroundings like these, to fall into a dreamy reverie. The willing captives of fancy for the moment, we are carried away and away into the empyrean "through vast of new and sweet imaginings." But hark! what portentous sound do we hear rumbling down in the very heart of the ridge on which we are standing? Are we in danger of being swallowed up by an earthquake? I trow not. This is Tunnel Hill, *alias* Stump House mountain, and those explosions are the blasts in the "great tunnel." The Blue Ridge Railroad, extending from Anderson to Knoxville, will be one hundred and ninety-five miles long; fifty-two miles in our own State, seventeen in Georgia, seventy-three in North Carolina, and fifty-three in Tennessee.

The Stump House Tunnel is one mile five hundred and seventy-two feet in length; its entire grade upward in a Westernly direction is sixty-six feet; it is twenty feet high by sixteen in width—an opening large enough, it would seem, to admit any train of cars.—I saw it stated in the paper, some time ago, that the Blue Ridge Tunnel in Virginia was found to be too small, and I have been surprised to learn that many of our intelligent citizens had gotten themselves into the belief that this piece of information had reference to the Stump House Tunnel.

But I am about to digress. The rocky mass, through which the tunnel passes, is composed mainly of quartz, which, according to Dana, is an essential constituent of granite. It is due to truth and science, however, to state that there is also a gneiss formation, or in other words, that in some places the rock is made up of thin parallel plates, capable of being separated by splitting. Though this latter feature would escape the notice of a casual observer, for at no point in the tunnel has a prop or an arch been found necessary. Wherever the full section is excavated, the tunnel is complete and self sustaining, both at the top and at the sides, and will thus remain for years.

From the Eastern portal, the tunnel is open 1,200 feet. Curiosity generally impels visitors to explore this artificial cavern, although the gloom, the smoke, the horrid din, and the constant dread of a premature explosion are apt to work fearfully upon the nerves and upon the imagination. After stumbling and groping along the darkened way for a considerable distance, one is rather surprised to find, in such a place, a brace of smitheries in full blast; but it is necessary for the black smith to follow up the work, so that the drills may be kept in good order. The ringing anvil, the shooting sparks, and the stench of saltpetre, bring to mind the fabulous story about the Cyclops assisting Vulcan to forge the thunder bolts of Jove. And as the Cyclops are fabled to have had but one eye, in the middle of the forehead, almost hidden by the lowering brow—the little lamps, "making darkness visible," and suspended from each workman's oil cloth hat, are not at all calculated to detract from the illusion.

Shaft No. 1 is now useless except for ventillation, and it serves admirably for that purpose, the current of air rushing alternately, up and then down, through the opening.—Standing more than 170 feet beneath the surface of the earth, and catching a glimpse of the blue sky through this shaft, one is prepared to set a right estimate upon the light of day. Not quite twelve months ago, I could go into the mountain, from the East end, only 420 feet, but on this occasion, I went in 1,200 feet, or nearly one fourth of a mile!

At shaft No. 2, which is 226 feet deep, the progress of the work is very good—the excavation having been carried fifty feet East, and about seventy West. The contractors are prepared to take out the full section of the tunnel at this point.

No. 3 is the only shaft not finished, but will be brought to grade by next October.—Here an unusual quantity of water has been encountered; for a while this summer, 2,500 gallons per hour were brought out—now reduced to 1,600. A beautiful oscillating engine and a fan for sending fresh air down to the toiling miners, have been added at this point. The blacksmith's shop here, and also the one at No. 4, is connected with the fan, and thus the labor of two hands at the bellows is saved.

At shaft No. 4, the slide and cage apparatus may be seen. Two sets of uprights, about five feet apart, extend from the bottom to the top of the shaft; between these, passes up and down a huge box, attached to a strong cable, and having pieces of iron on the sides exactly fitting the upright timbers. This arrangement works somewhat like a railroad, and there is no chance for the box either to oscillate, or turn in any direction; the advantages are safety to hands, and much greater power and capacity for serving the men below. Formerly, about twenty-five operatives could be employed here, but now from fifty to sixty. The hardest rock is found in this shaft—it has been worked 120 feet East, and 70 West. The full section of the tunnel has been excavated pretty closely to the heading. (The "heading" extends down about seven feet from the roof of the tunnel.)

The three shafts last mentioned are worked each by a steam engine. A steam pump for the West end will be put up in a short time. The tunneling on this side of the mountain has been driven into the rock 470 feet.

And now I conclude my "bill of particulars," by stating that this mammoth tunnel is open, in all, 1,980 feet, or more than one third of the entire distance through it. If we take into our estimate the preparatory part of the business—such as the putting up of machinery and of cabins for the hands, the sinking of four deep shafts, all now finished except one, it may be safely asserted that the work is more than half done. I was informed by a scientific gentleman, who kindly furnished the figures in this letter, that the excavating process is accelerated more and more every month. This is partly upon the principle that "practice makes perfect," and then the number of hands is constantly on the increase. (I was told by the book-keeper that there are now at least 600 on "the hill.") Moreover, as each shaft is sunk to grade, two new faces in the rock are presented to the sledge and drill.

LATER FROM UTAH.—The Utah mail, with dates to July 31, has arrived at Leavenworth. The army continues occupied with their preparations for the Winter. All was quiet at Salt Lake City. Surgeon Watts of the army arrived with the mail.

The Indians are more hostile now than at any time since the territory was first settled. Nearly all the tribes are committing depredations.

A number of settlers have been killed, and several bands of horses have been run off.—As yet the troops have made no effort to protect the settlers.

The soldiers received their pay in the latter part of July, after which a large number deserted, taking along some mules and citizens clothing from the camp.

Cedar Valley is said to be a poor place for Winter quarters, and Gen. Johnston is making preparations to send some of his animals to other vallies.

Gov. Cumming still retains the confidence of the community, and thus far his acts and policy give general satisfaction.—*Charleston Courier.*

It is an actual fact, which cannot be contradicted with any truth, that we have a wilderness, uninhabited by human beings and occupied by the wild beasts of the aboriginal forests within five or six miles of Detroit, a city of seventy thousand inhabitants.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Glad to hear it. Wouldn't it be nice to have a wilderness to dive into within six miles of Boston, with just wild beasts enough to frighten off snobs, "literary people," girls in flats, boys with eye glasses, and other fools.—*Boston Post.*

Who would be left in the city besides the *Post* and its subscribers?

THE MAN WITH A SHAWL NEED NOT APPLY.—We find in the Gospel (Maine) Banner, the following advertisement:

"I am desirous of securing the services of two male teachers to teach school the coming winter. I take this method, therefore, of making known the fact. If this notice meets the eye of any *man* (I mean physical as well as mental) who is willing to *teach* as well as *keep* school, I should be happy to see him.

"N. B.—No person who wears a shawl, spectacles, or walks with a cane, need apply, as sufficient instruction from that class has already been had.

H. B. MAYNARD, Agent.

"Kendall's Mills, July 10th, 1858."

The author of the following should be watched, or he might back out:

A destructive durk I'll bi,
I'll bid pharewell to every phear,
Then wipe my weeping I,
And kut my throot phrom ear to ear.

A rich man sent to call a physician for a slight disorder. The physician felt his pulse and asked, "Do you eat well?"

"Yes," said the patient.

"Do you sleep well?"

"I do."

"Then," said the physician, "I can give you something to take away all that, if you think it necessary."

The report that a Yankee had invented a machine to take the noise out of thunder, has been contradicted.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, August 31.

The Governor of Washington Territory, Hon. Mr. McMullen, has arrived here. He represents that when he left the Territory, a month ago, the Indians west of the Cascade mountains were disposed to be friendly, but fears were entertained that they might be influenced by those residing east of the mountains, who defeated Col. Steptoe.

A vigorous campaign against them, and severe chastisement will however, probably have the effect of producing a general peace among the savages, who must sensibly feel the power of the Government. He says that bands of Indians from the British and Russian possessions, who are extremely formidable and shrewd, are in the habit of plundering and killing the settlers in the most exposed portions of the Territory.

Riot at Staten Island.

NEW YORK, September 3.

On Wednesday night, a mob of about one thousand armed men destroyed a portion of the quarantine buildings at Staten Island, and the remainder, including the cottages and five dwellings of the health officers, were burnt by the incendiaries.

On Thursday night, the female hospital, containing seventy-five patients, was burnt. The patients were removed into the open air, and three of the poor creatures died from exposure. A guard of marines was sent down, for the protection of the Government property.

Gold Diggings Discovered.

ST. LOUIS, September 1.

The Republican publishes a letter giving an account of newly discovered gold regions on the South Platte river. The writer examined the country for several miles round, and expresses the opinion, that from $5 to $6 per day may be obtained by several hundred men without further discoveries.

The Fever in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, August 28.

There were seventy four deaths from yellow fever in this city yesterday, (Friday.)

NEW ORLEANS, September 2.

The deaths in this city, yesterday, from yellow fever amounted to forty-two.

Yellow Fever in Charleston.

CHARLESTON, August 29.

The deaths by yellow fever in this city last week, including Saturday, were thirty nine.

A DOSE OF MEDICINE HARD TO WORK OFF.—The Evansville (Ind.) *Journal* of Wednesday tells the following amusing story of the way the Sheriff of that county managed to arrest a robber, who had broken into the safe of the Pavillion Hotel, and then ran away to St. Louis. It says:

Following him to St. Louis, after a good deal of trouble, Gavitt found his lodgings, and was watching the premises at a very early hour in the morning, before the inmates were moving, when a small boy came out of the house, and, being accosted by the Ex Sheriff, told him he was going to get a Doctor for a new lodger. The Ex Sheriff professed himself to be a physician who would be happy to attend upon the invalid. Being introduced to the sick chamber, and having examined the tongue and felt the pulse, was profoundly cogitating upon the diagnosis of the case, when the affectionate wife and sister-in-law of the patient anxiously asked what he could do for the sufferer. The Doctor replied that he should prescribe a pair of close fitting handcuffs, which he immediately took from his pocket and applied to the wrists of his patient. The effects of the application were sudden and violent, but the symptoms yielded at once upon the appearance of a St. Louis police officer, who was in attendance at the door, and the prisoner settled down into a quiet repose.

AN EDITOR TIGHT.—We believe it is rare that editors indulge in a drop, but when they do, their readers are sure to find them out. A Syracuse cotemporary was called upon to record a "melancholy event" at a time when his head was rather heavy, and did it up in the following manner: "Yesterday morning, at 4 o'clock P. M., a man with a heel in the hole of his stocking, committed arsenic by swallowing a dose of suicide. The inquest of the verdict returned a jury that the deceased came to the facts in accordance with his death. He leaves a child and six small wives to lament the end of his untimely loss. In death we are in the midst of life!"

SLAVES LANDED IN MASSACHUSETTS.—It is stated in the Northern papers that sixty Scotch girls have just been imported directly from Scotland to work in the factories at Holyoke, Mass.—*Charleston Mercury.*

Of course, when the North wants labor she is at liberty to import it, but that is no reason that the South should be allowed the same privilege, or even to keep what she's got in peace.—*Savannah News.*

NOTICE.

ALL demands against the Estate of William Patton, deceased, must be rendered without delay, and all persons indebted will be required to make speedy payment.

JOHN CHEESBOROUGH,
THOMAS J. KERR,
Executors.

Sept. 2, 1858.

WISTAR'S Balsam of Wild Cherry, for sale at ASTON'S.

MEDICAL COLLEGE,
AT AUGUSTA, GA.

THE next annual course of Lectures in this Institution will begin on the first Monday in November next, with an Introductory, Lecture by Prof. JONES.

Emeritus Prof. of Anatomy—G. M. NEWTON, M. D.
Anatomy—H. F. CAMPBELL, M. D.
Surgery—L. A. BUGAS, M. D.
Chemistry and Pharmacy—JOS. JONES, M. D.
Institutes and Practice—L. D. FORD, M. D.
Physiology and Pathological Anatomy—H. V. M. MILLER, M. D.
Materia Medica, Therapeutics and Medical Jurisprudence—I. P. GARVIN, M. D.
Demonstrator of Anatomy——ROBERT CAMPBELL, M. D.
Assistant Demonstrator—S. B. SIMMONS, M. D.
Prosector to the Professor of Surgery—H. W. D. FORD, M. D.
Curator of Museum—T. P. CLEVELAND.

Tickets for the whole Course, $105 00
Matriculation (to be taken once,) 5 00
Practical Anatomy (to be taken once) 10 00

For further information, apply to any member of the Faculty, or to the undersigned.

I. P. GARVIN, *Dean.*

August 12, 1858—3m.

PRATT, OAKLEY & CO.,
(Late Farmer, Brace & Co.,)
Publishers, Booksellers & Stationers,
No. 21, Murray Street,
NEW YORK.

P. O. & Co., offer at low prices for cash, and liberal terms for approved credit, a large stock of BANK and OFFICE STATIONARY, Blank and Account Books, Receipt and Memorandum Books. Paper of all kinds. Cards. Circulars, Bill Heads, &c., Printing and Lithographing executed to order. Bibles, Miscellaneous, and School Books.

P. O & Co Publish Bullion's series of Grammars; Comstock's series on the sciences; Hooker's Physiologies; Brocklesby's Astronomies; Olney's Geography, newly revised; Southern Class Readers; Palmer's Book Keeping; and the "cheapest and best" Spelling Book ever used.

August 19, 1858 isfm6

State of North Carolina,
BUNCOMBE COUNTY.
In Equity.—Spring Term, 1858.
W. D. Jones
vs.
George Peobles and others.

IT appearing to the Court that the Defendants, George Peobles, A. W. Lance, Thos. Lance, Russel Lance, J. Casteel and wife Sarah, Delila Lance, Martin V. Lance, William Lance, Martha A. Jones, Thomas Jones, Jesse Jones, James Jones and Joshua Jones, are non residents of this State: It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Asheville News for six weeks, commanding said non resident Defendants to be and appear before his Honor the Judge of the Court of Equity to be opened and held for the county of Buncombe at the Court House in Asheville on the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the Bill of Complaint of W. D. Jones against George Peobles and others, or the same will be heard exparte as to them. Witness, I. B. SAWYER, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in March, 1858.

I. B. SAWYER, *C. M. E.*

Sept. 2. Pr's fee $6. 6w

State of North Carolina,
BUNCOMBE COUNTY.
Court of Equity—Spring Term, 1858.
J. S. Burnett and A. M. Alexander, Adms. of J. M. Alexander, deceased,
vs.
Wm. G. Anderson and others.

IN this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendants, W. G. Anderson and wife Dorcas, Abner Holcombe and wife Joice, Henry Holcombe and wife Polly, and the heirs of Wiley Bailey, dec'd, are non residents of this State: It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Asheville News for six weeks, commanding the said non resident Defendants to be and appear before his Honor the Judge of the Court of Equity to be opened and held at the Court House in Asheville on the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in September next, then and there to answer the Bill of J. S. Burnett and A. M. Alexander, Administrators of J. M. Alexander, dec'd, or the same will be heard exparte as to them. Witness, I. B. SAWYER, Clerk of our said Court of Equity for said county, at Office, the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in March, 1858.

I. B. SAWYER, *C. M. E.*

Sept. 2. Pr's fee $6. 6w

NEW SCHEDULE.

The Traveling Public will bear in mind that I am now running my Line of

FOUR HORSE COACHES

in connection with the Trains of the Western North Carolina Rail Road. By taking my Line they will reach Salisbury

Eight Hours in Advance

of any other route. Crossing the Blue Ridge—each way—in the middle of the day. This route is decidedly the most pleasant as my

COACHES

are large and comfortable—9 and 14 passenger.—Teams and Drivers to compare favorably with any in the State, and there is no mistake about it being the

Nearest, Cheapest & Most
EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE
East, from Asheville.

In every instance where satisfaction is not given the money will be refunded.

Office at the Eagle Hotel, Asheville; Sullivan & Patton, Agents.

C. S. BROWN, *Contractor.*

Morganton, Aug. 26, 1858. 3m

$10 REWARD.

LOST, near Flat Rock, on the 21st of August, a thin GOLD WATCH, Hyde, maker, London, No. 2752. There was a short chain attached.—Any information will be thankfully received by

C. C. PINCKNEY, Flat Rock.

September 2, 1858.

FINE Tobacco and Cigars, for sale by RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral, for sale at ASTON'S.

FACTS
FOR THE
PEOPLE.

WE are now receiving at our old stand, on the public square, Asheville, the largest and most varied stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER, STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

Ready Made Clothing, Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Saddlery, Drugs. Dye Stuffs, &c.

Ever offered for sale in this market. Our Goods have been selected with great care in the cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, with especial reference to the wants of the *PEOPLE.* And as our stock embraces almost every article, "useful as well as ornamental," we flatter ourselves that we shall be enabled to please all who may favor us with a call. The object of this notice is not to publish self-praise and hold ourselves up in a flattering light before the community; but simply to inform you that we have a heavier and better assorted stock of Goods now arriving, than any other house in town, to which we expect to be continually making large additions throughout the season; and to extend to you, one and all, an invitation to visit us and examine our stock before making your purchases. The styles of our Goods are unsurpassed, and we are determined not to be undersold; and as we make no promise that we do not intend to perform, you may come with the assurance of being satisfactorily accommodated. Country produce taken in exchange for Goods.

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

April 2, 1857.

COME ALONG!

1000 pounds Sal Soda; 300 of Epsom Salts; 500 Putty; 100 gallons Spirits Turpentine; 2,500 lbs. White Lead in Oil; 500 lbs. Dry White Lead.

Just received and for sale at ASTON'S.

Sept. 24.

NOTICE.

Persons sending Mattresses to me to be repaired, are requested to have the Ticks washed clean.

A. HIMES.

Asheville, May 27, 1858.

New and Cheap
GOODS
AT THE CASH STORE OF
MERRIMON & SONS,
(*Hugh Johnston's Old Stand, Opposite the Court House.*)

WE have now on hand a superior stock of fresh and seasonable GOODS, bought for cash at low figures, and to be sold in the same way.

Our stock embraces a full and general assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Groceries, Cutlery, Hardware,

and in fact everything usually found in a retail establishment. We invite the people to give us a call, and promise to sell them Goods at prices astonishingly low. And why do we say so? Simply because *we sell for cash only,* and therefore make no bad debts, and can afford to sell cheap.

Country Produce bought. Call and see us.

Asheville, June 3, 1858.

100 Large Quarto Family
BIBLES just received at ASTON'S

SPRING
GOODS FOR 1858.

WE are now opening one of the most desirable stocks of *GOODS* we have ever offered in this market, purchased on the most favorable terms by one of our firm (not ordered,) to which the attention of a discriminating public is invited.

Call and examine for yourself. For cash, or to prompt customers, we will offer inducements. By prompt customers we mean those who pay at the end of the year with *cash,* and not with a note. Opposite the Eagle Hotel.

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

April 15, '58.

ATTENTION, FARMERS!
0:——:0

WE have on hand and are opening just the articles that Farmers need, consisting in part of

Axes, Grass and Grain Scythes, Mattocks, Brice Hooks, Sickles, Grain Cradles—superior article—Shovels, Spades, Forks, Garden Plows, Hatchets, Saws, Trace Chains, Horse Collars, Rope, &c., &c.

Builders will find locks, hinges, screws, axil pullies, sash cord, nails, and a general assortment of building materials. All of which, for cash or to prompt customers, we will sell on reasonable terms.

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

Asheville, April 15, 1858.

SPRING GOODS!
—0—
GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

ARE now receiving, at the old stand of Rankin & Pulliam, a general stock of *SPRING GOODS,* embracing every article usually found in a retail store in this country. They solicit a call from those wishing to buy, and promise to exhibit as pretty and as cheap Goods as the market can afford. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, and we will do you good.

April 9, 1857.

Molasses.

800 Gallons Molasses as good if not the best, ever offered for sale in this country.

SMITH BAIRD & CO

May 1, 1856. tf

DISSOLUTION.

THE Firm of W. D. Rankin & Co. was dissolved by mutual consent of the parties, on the 1st January, 1857.

W. D. RANKIN,
R. W. PULLIAM,
M. M. GAINES.

Concentrated Lye.

Warranted to make soap without lime or ashes, and with but little trouble; making a good article of soft washing soap at a cost of about 50 cents per hundred pounds. Full directions for making all kinds of soap accompany each box. Call and get a box and give it a trial, and if it does not do all I claim for it, then my name is not ASTON.

August 13, 1857.

THE NEWS.

THOS. W. ATKIN, Editor.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Thursday, Sept. 9, 1858.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to act as agents for this paper:

L. S. SAUNDERS, Esq., Murphey, N. C.
T. P. SILER, Esq., Franklin.
A. M. FINLEY, Esq., Marion.

"Correct Your List."

Under this caption the *Spectator* of last week professes to correct us, and other Democratic editors, in the classification we have made of the members elect to the next Legislature. Mr. Colton having retired from the Spectator, we regret the necessity we are under to *correct his correction*. We do not like to amend the record, even though justice demands it, in the absence of the counsel on the other side.

First. The Spectator says Mr. Walker of Cherokee is not a Democrat. We know as much of Mr. Walker as the Spectator does, perhaps. He acted formerly with the Whig party, and never *professed* to be anything else. That party being hopelessly effete, and powerless, however, Mr. Walker, like an honest man, took the position in the late canvass that the South should stand by the Administration, as the best guarantee for the integrity of the Union and the security of our "peculiar institution." Without professing to be a Democrat, he nevertheless pledged himself to act with the Democracy, as the best thing an old line Whig could do, under the circumstances. If he is not of us, he is with us, and the difference is about as much as that "'twixt tweedle dum and tweedle dee."

We have no motive in the world, and as little disposition, to misrepresent Mr. Walker; and if we have not placed him fairly and squarely on his own platform, and the brethren continue to be exercised about it, we hope he will define his position, that they may cease to "vex their souls" about the matter.

In the next place, the Spectator says—"If John A. Fagg is a Democrat his own lips deceive him very much." We have heretofore stated Col. Fagg's position, as defined by himself, and regret that the matter is again pressed upon us. We are not Col. Fagg's organ, and have had no communication with him on the subject. When we stated that he had on the stump, openly, boldly, and in the face of day, taken position with the Democratic party, we only stated what hundreds of people in Madison county had heard from the Colonel's own lips. He has never recanted, and never will, but firmly and in good faith will maintain his position. The Spectator's anxiety to place him in a false position, is as reprehensible as it is unaccountable.

In the third place, the Spectator says the election of Col. Ripley, in Henderson, is "not a Democratic triumph." All we have to say is, that Col. Baxter, a Know Nothing, represented Henderson in the last Legislature, and that Col. Ripley, a Democrat, will represent it in the next. The Spectator can designate the change by any name its fancy may suggest. The *fact* remains that there is a change, and that, too, in favor of the Democratic party.

The gentlemen east of the mountain alluded to, and whom the Spectator classes as "independent Democrats," we know nothing about. Granting that it classes them properly, we are at a loss to conceive how we committed an error in styling them Democrats. Being "independent" does not lessen a man's fidelity to his principles, we hope.

Upon the whole, the Spectator's pretended correction of our list, when it comes to be dissected, "pans out" very little.

Judge Bailey.

This very agreeable and accomplished gentleman, who is to hold our Fall Courts, spent a day or two in this place last week, on his way to Cherokee, where the Circuit began this week. We were gratified to learn that the Judge has purchased property in this county, and designs becoming a citizen of Buncombe. He has bought land on the romantic Swannanoa, right under the shadow of the Black Mountain. Right heartily will he be welcomed to a home among us.

ARKANSAS.—An effort is being made in Arkansas to induce the Legislature to compel the whole colored population to leave the State.

A WEALTHY STATESMAN.—Gen. Cass is stated by Forney's press to be worth five millions of dollars.

DEATHS IN NEW YORK.—We learn from the reports of the City Inspector that there were 657 deaths in the city during the past week—an increase of 19 as compared with the mortality of the week previous, and 54 more than occurred during the corresponding week last year.

COUNTERFEITS.—The Charleston Courier notices a counterfeit bill for $100, purporting to be of the Bank of Camden, South Carolina. The bill is made up of parts of three bills of different banks, and is not very well executed. The Bank of Camden does not issue bills of $100.

Retired.

Henry E. Colton, Esq., for the last year Editor of the Asheville Spectator, has resigned that position. His experience does not seem to have had the effect of impressing him very favorably with Editorial life. He says:

"In bidding adieu to the Spectator, we most emphatically bid farewell to the editor and proprietorship of newspapers. Should we be spared, we never intend to vex ourself with the untiring and unpaid efforts of a country editor. We may write for papers, but never, never again go through the toil, the care and anxiety which has been our lot as an editor. That man can accomplish nothing in this world without labor we are well aware, but we hope to succeed in a business where there is at least a prospect of pay; and never again enter one in which we get not even the promise."

Verily if the picture is not overdrawn the man is excusable. To "work for nothing and board one's self," is rather more than ought to be exacted these hard times. Mr. Colton does not inform us who is to succeed him, or even whether the paper is to be continued.—On these points, however, the public will no doubt be informed in due time.

We wish Mr. Colton success and better luck in whatever vocation he may enter.

Wilting.

That we are wicked enough to take a sort of diabolical pleasure in witnessing the withering, wilting and drying up of Northern fashionable watering places and summer resorts, which have been kept greased and alive by Southern patronage, we are sufficiently candid to admit. Newport, Saratoga, &c., which have hitherto flouished upon money drawn from the pockets of Southern people, have been almost deserted this season; and the result is that the lordly proprietors are in a "blue fix." They have for many years past squeezed the pockets of Southerners, while taunting them as "slave drivers,"—fed the masters at a high price, while their agents and strikers ran off their slaves by the underground rail road into Canada. But there is an end of all things earthly, and Southern men, after enduring this treatment until the world generally regarded them as destitute of self respect, or as bent upon exhibiting a patience which should eclipse that of Jobe, have at length—and we are happy in being able to record the fact—concluded to stay away from these places, and leave the proprietors and their Abolition dependents *alone, severely*. Newport, especially, seems to be in a bad way in consequence of this withdrawal of Southern patronage. A correspondent of a New York paper, writing from Newport on this subject, gives vent to the following groan:

"This is an unpleasant consideration, but the fact exists and cannot be disguised. Newport has grown to be the 'sick man' of the fashionable watering places, and, with all its superior natural advantages, is failing in the attractions as a place of summer resort. The causes of decline in popularity, I think, may be found in the manner in which the people of Newport have been in the habit of treating the *fashionable geese* which have laid them so many golden eggs."

The "fashionable geese" seem determined for the future to lay their "golden eggs" nearer home, and among a more honest people. Let the Newportians groan. We can enjoy their disgruntlement.

Uncircumcised Outsiders.

The Primitive Baptist brethren, at the last session of the Conecuh Association, came down on all outsiders with a double vengeance! They resolved to have no fellowship with any Church which tolerated among her membership any person belonging either to Theological Schools, State Conventions, Missionary Societies, Bible Societies, Tract Societies, Sunday School Unions, Temperance Societies, the Masonic Fraternity, Odd Fellows, Know Nothings, Democrats, or any other order that exists, founded on the wisdom of men.

If we had to guess at the qualifications necessary to admission to the "Conecuh Association," we should say it is proficiency in the "whang-doodle" style of pulpit oratory, and ability to get outside of a quart of corn whiskey in the shortest possible time!

MEXICO.—The London Times still continues to urge the absorption of Mexico by the United States. The Liverpool Mercury says, that "unless Mexico speedily mends its ways, or be absorbed by the United States, it will stand a good chance of having an allied expedition sent to curb its incivility and wrong doing." This is a very significant hint to Mexico to stop the outrages and wrongs inflicted upon foreigners, and still more so to the United States, which it virtually threatens with European intervention in our immediate neighborhood, if it does not hurry up the work of annexation.

If Jonathan's virtue can resist this last appeal, it must be because Mexico is not worth stealing.

☞There are said to be sixty members of Congress now sojourning at the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs.

GIDDINGS SHELVED.—The Convention to nominate candidates for Congress, has nominated Hutchings in Mr. Giddings district, over the head of that notorious politician.

☞Boston has decreased in population 2,870 within the past year.

☞The Atlantic cable weighs 1,850 lbs. to the mile.

☞The September number of the University Magazine is on our table.

Been to Camp Meeting.

The Methodist Camp Meeting at Asbury, seven miles west of this place, closed last Tuesday week. We understand there were about one hundred conversions, and probably the same number of additions to the church.

The meeting at Reems' Creek, eight miles north of this town, commenced last Thursday, and closed day before yesterday. We spent a couple of days and nights on the ground, and enjoyed all the hospitality and kindness at the hands of the tenters for which that highly favored region is so justly celebrated. We heard several most excellent sermons, and enjoyed our visit very much.

We have not learned the number of conversions, but there had been a goodly number before we left, and the interest continued unabated, we learn, to the close of the meeting.

The Result.

From our table, now complete, in another column, it will be seen that Judge Ellis has a majority of 16,247. This will do very well. What now becomes of Duncan McRae and Distribution? Neither will ever again be heard of in North Carolina.

☞The Cherokee Indians are at war with the Camanches, who have made severe forays upon the settlements, and have committed various outrages in the Chickasaw country. General Cooper had started with a party of volunteers to hold a parley with the Camanches, but could find none of the chiefs to call to council.

☞The Richmond (Ky.) Messenger mentions a freak of nature, which, we believe, is without a parallel. It is a colt with but one eye. The eye is considerably larger than the usual size, and in the middle of the forehead. It was foaled on the farm of Mr. E. Roberts, Madison County, Ky.

Religious Revival at Chapel Hill.

An extensive religious revival has been going on at Chapel Hill for several weeks.—The Chapel Hill Gazette of Saturday last, says:

"The Religious Meeting noticed in our two last papers is still in progress at the Methodist church and the feeling has also extended to the other denominations. Prayer meeting is held daily in the Presbyterian church at 12 m. and divine service at night. Religious services are also held nightly at the Baptist Church; so far there are over one hundred converts at the Methodist Church, fifty five of whom are Students of the University. Great concern is manifested, by the Students especially, and scores are daily awakened by the stirring and eloquent appeals from our several pulpits, to a sense of their awful condition out of Christ. Our Ministers are zealously at work "but the cry is still they come—are there no volunteers who will "come up to the help of Israel against the mighty!"

☞The Richmond South says: "Our pen recoils from the duty—yet it is our province to record the revolting fact that a white woman in Mecklenburg county, Virginia, became the mother a few days since of four children, two of whom were of her own color, and the other two black."

EX-PRESIDENT TYLER.—A letter from Old Point, Va., says:

"Ex President Tyler, having purchased a farm only two miles from the hotel, spends most of his time here in social communication with the guests, all of whom express for him the highest consideration. The old gentleman eschews politics, and devotes his attention to agriculture, not scientifically, but according to the old Virginia principles of making all you can this year and letting the next take care of itself. His family attend religious worship at the chapel within the fort, where Mrs. Tyler has her own pew.—John Tyler is now in his sixty-ninth year, but looks as young as when he occupied the Presidential chair, and is quite as jocular and full of fun."

THE FREE LOVE PARTY.—The Legislature of Maine passed a law last winter authorising the indiscriminate marriage of divorced persons. The party of "purity and morality" embodied more immorality in a statute than was ever before tolerated by a civilized State. The act, says the Eastern Argus, should have been entitled an act to encourage divorces, and to put a premium on conjugal infidelity. It places the guilty upon equal footing with the innocent, and grants a divorce to both parties alike. And this is the party claiming to be the embodiment of all the virtue in the State.—*Albany Argus.*

A correspondent of the New York Tribune pronounces the Frazer gold diggings one of the greatest humbugs ever got up.

A GREAT EDITOR AND GREAT MAN.—Gibbons, editor of the Harrisburg (Ky.) Transcript, has been elected jailor of Mercer county. Thereupon, the editor of the Frankfort Yeoman says Gibbons is a *great* man.

IN FAVOR OF HYMEN.—A lady advertising for a husband, is particular to have it understood, that "none need apply who are under six feet," upon which the editor remarks, "that lady is strongly in favor of hymen."

A hotel and livery stable keeper, at a fashionable watering place, advertises sociables for young people, and sulkies for married folks.

A CAR FULL OF CRAZY PEOPLE.—The Springfield (Mass.) *Republican* says that a train of cars passed through that place on Tuesday last with fifty-four lunatics on board. They were the patients at the Worcester hospital, who were being transferred to that at Northampton. They were all the crazy folks in western Massachusetts.

We don't believe it.

The last rail in the iron line between Norfolk, Va., and Memphis, Tenn., has been laid.

Vote for Governor of North Carolina.

COUNTIES.	1856. Bragg, D.	1856. Gilmer, K. N.	1858. Ellis, D.	1858. McRae, Dist.
Alamance,	916	645	825	616
Alexander,	466	411	430	350
Anson,	334	772	325	774
Ashe,	734	708	809	683
Burke,	523	459	525	521
Buncombe,	969	786	980	701
Bladen,	608	481	683	329
Bertie,	470	545	459	321
Beaufort,	539	833	585	780
Brunswick,	404	468	336	435
Cabarrus,	426	665	481	582
Catawba,	968	158	990	181
Craven,	784	535	759	559
Cumberland,	1575	928	854	652
Chowan,	291	230	307	184
Columbus,	589	306	689	291
Camden,	107	474	112	454
Carteret,	493	502	423	261
Cherokee,	632	574	551	616
Caswell,	1120	211	996	184
Chatham,	1166	1062	1077	1113
Caldwell,	438	425	371	500
Currituck,	556	146	638	142
Cleaveland,	1109	138	1104	207
Davidson,	823	1199	971	1064
Davie,	353	586	432	587
Duplin,	1113	155	1257	132
Edgecombe,	1563	189	871	108
Forsythe,	1080	926	882	634
Franklin,	744	334	825	372
Gaston,	759	133	845	99
Granville,	1225	994	1083	783
Guilford,	571	2059	409	1819
Greene,	432	289	328	151
Gates,	459	392	402	393
Haywood,	537	254	527	215
Halifax,	736	584	712	401
Hertford,	335	393	309	325
Hyde,	322	501	421	412
Harnett,*			639	201
Henderson,	665	647	526	672
Iredell,	351	1349	384	1256
Jackson,	570	112	587	99
Jones,	261	180	238	182
Johnston,	1036	817	819	728
Lenoir,	447	263	462	274
Lincoln,	614	222	601	222
Madison,	576	247	499	231
Martin,	706	340	646	150
McDowell,	536	395	429	368
Moore,	733	677	658	666
Montgomery,	211	725	323	581
Macon,	367	396	365	357
Mecklenburg,	1024	623	998	455
Nash,	1107	93	798	321
New Hanover,	1522	570	1410	407
Northampton,	695	428	648	365
Onslow,	771	108	777	141
Orange,	1119	1045	1012	1037
Pasquotank,	330	502	324	436
Perquimans,	304	348	300	320
Pitt,	775	716	733	723
Person,	678	384	636	196
Polk,*			205	93
Robeson,	773	669	759	532
Rockingham,	1168	439	1127	332
Rowan,	885	905	1226	852
Rutherford,	1070	781	600	689
Randolph,	561	1281	492	1230
Richmond,	246	556	258	525
Sampson,	990	497	1041	485
Surry,	877	579	798	464
Stokes,	769	498	788	396
Stanly,	166	797	139	821
Tyrrell,	124	309	217	141
Union,	835	273	824	304
Wake,	1693	1124	1659	779
Warren,	819	101	872	108
Washington,	261	367	288	200
Watauga,	257	292	246	386
Wayne,	1332	274	1236	164
Wilkes,	609	1264	562	1081
Wilson,*			880	108
Yadkin,	633	888	737	757
Yancey,	810	320	863	199
	57,555	44,961	56 212	39,965
	44 961		39,965	

Bragg's maj. 12,594 Ellis' mj. 16,247

*The votes of Harnett, Polk and Wilson, in 1856, were counted with the counties from which they were respectively taken. Polk was formed out of parts of Rutherford and Henderson; Harnett was taken off of Cumberland; and Wilson was made out of portions of Edgecombe, Nash and Johnston.

WHIPPED.

The editor of a Democratic paper in Kentucky, published in a county which gave a large majority at the late election against the Democracy, thus humorously gives vent to his complainings:

"We are beat; it's no use to try any longer; we are chawed up and spit out, we feel now about the consistency and shape of a potatoe run over by a wagon wheel.

"We fought gallantly to win this county. We fought desperately. Speeches from one to three hours in length were made in every precinct in the county; we worked hard individually; all our friends that we could see were hard at work, every voter in the whole county was visited, and yet in spite of all that we are beat.

"We dont believe that we will ever have good crops here again; we don't believe our farmers will prosper; we don't believe that Democratic sentiment will ever get a footing in this hard old county. It is our usual ill luck weighing us down again, we never desired anything ardently without being disappointed. We never had a pet but what it sickened and died; we never had a fight but what we got badly whipped; we never asked a young lady to have us but what she spit in our face; we never made a bet we didn't lose; and we believe that the spectre of Sam, with gory locks and a vulture like countenance, is following us day and night, blasting all our undertakings, and keeping the cup of disappointment continually to our lips.

"The fact of the business is, fellow citizens, we can never beat Know Nothingism in this county until we raise up a new generation.—We think that the young men and boys, if properly directed and attended to, will stick to us when they grow up, but as things now stand, Democracy has no more chance in Harden county than 'a bob tailed bull in fly time.'"

OBITUARY.

[FOR THE NEWS.]

Died, on the 28th ult., near Asheville, at the residence of her mother, Miss JULIA M. BAIRD, in the 16th year of her age. In the death of this young lady we have a melancholy illustration of the uncertainty of human life. She left the College on Friday evening, in perfect health; on Sabbath, tho' somewhat indisposed, she attended Sabbath School and public worship, as usual. On Monday she was worse, the week passed and no improvement, another week found her in the grave. On Sabbath the funeral exercises ware conducted by Rev. A. W. Cummings, D. D., in the presence of a large and solemn audience, embracing the Faculty and Students of the College, who, with the bereaved family, deeply feel the afflictive providence.

Her mental endowments were of a high order, which combined with her generous, affectionate disposition, promised for her a brilliant and useful career. How suddenly are the plans and hopes of her friends blasted.—In the midst of her preparations for life, death came, but she was ready. Her work was done, and Heaven claimed her. She is now at rest. God grant to the widowed mother, and the entire family, all needful grace in this sad bereavement.

[FOR THE NEWS.]

How blest the righteous when she dies!
When sinks a weary soul to rest;
How mildly beam the closing eyes,
How gently heaves the expiring breast!

So fades a summer cloud away,
So sinks the gale when storms are o'er;
So gently shuts the eye of day,
So dies a wave along the shore.

Thus, on the 28th ult., near Summerville, Georgia, passed the gentle spirit of Miss MARY ANN MORRISON to the God who gave it, in the full triumphs of a living christian faith. During all her sickness, which was long and painful, her mind was calm and her trust was in Jesus. She was fully aware of the approach of death, but said "she was not afraid, that Jesus was close beside her,—His rod and staff were her comfort. She was constantly repeating the lines:

"So close beside my Savior, so glorious and so bright,
I'll sing the sweetest praises forever, day and night"

And the last words she was heard to utter was, "Jesus, I come, I come."

☞North Carolina Presbyterian please copy.

HORSE STOLEN!

$25 REWARD.

STOLEN from my pasture, on the night of the 6th instant, on Pigeon River, Haywood county, N. C., an Iron Gray, or Roan HORSE, 4 years old, about 14 hands high, heavy build, walks and trots, has some marks of the collar on his neck, a small scar on his loin, recently made by the bite of another horse, and on one of his sides there is a scratch, newly made, six or eight inches long.

I will pay Ten Dollars for the horse, or such information as will lead to his recovery; and Twenty Five Dollars for proof to convict the thief.

R. H. PENLAND.

Pigeon River P O., Sept. 9, 1858.

5 Cents Reward.

The above reward, no thanks included, will be paid for the return of Tobias Hiatt, a bound boy aged about 18 years, who has absconded from the undersigned. B. C. HEMPHILL.

September 9 1858.

50 Sacks of Salt,

Just received, and for sale by

Sept. 9 W. H. JACKSON & CO.

BLACK MOUNTAIN!

THE subscriber having leased for a term of 5 years the Black Mountain property, takes pleasure in notifying the public that the

MOUNTAIN HOUSE

will be opened to-day, August 27th, for the accommodation of visitors. Every possible arrangement has been made to ensure the comfort of guests. Attentive servants and good fare may be confidently expected.

He would advise all persons visiting the Mountain to start early from Asheville, so as to reach the Mountain House before night, get a refreshing sleep, and be prepared to enjoy the magnificent sun-rise view, from the highest point of land in the United States, East of the Rocky Mountains. T. T. PATTON.

September 2 1858. tf

Spectator copy 4 weeks, and present bill to Sullivan & Patton.

BUNCOMBE COUNTY, N. C.

Reems' Creek Masonic AND Sons of Temperance HIGH SCHOOL.

For Males and Females.

The Fall session of this flourishing Institution will open October 4th, and continue five months Among its advantages are: 1 Spacious and well arranged buildings. 2. Experienced and competent Teachers. 3. Extensive and systematic course of study. 4. Boarding from $1 to $1 50 per week 5 A location healthful and attractive. 6. Government mild and affectionate. 7. Terms moderate and equitable, (that is to say:)

Tuition in the Primary Department.	$ 4 00
Academic,	$6 to 10 00
Collegiate,	14 00
Contingent fee, in advance.	25

Students admitted at any time, and charged from the time of entrance.

For further particulars address Rev. John S. Weaver, the President of the Board of Trustees; or the Principal. J. H. CALFEE.

September 2. 1858. 2m

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned having purchased the property known as the Dunlap house, has removed from his old stand opposite the Eagle Hotel, and may now be found, permanently located, one door East of the Jail, and facing the

Public Square.

He has in store, and will keep constantly on hand, a large and excellent assortment of

CONFECTIONARIES.

Cakes, bread, crackers, fish, cheese, candies, cigars, tobacco, snuff, &c., always on hand.

Call and see, at the new stand.

M. L. DOYLE.

August 26, 1858. tf

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

THE undersigned will sell off their entire stock of Fancy Dry Goods

FOR CASH,

At cost and carriage, as they design keeping only STAPLES, in connection with a heavy stock of FAMILY GROCERIES.

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

July 29, 1858.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.

SULLIVAN & PATTON,

Having formed a copartnership in the Livery and Sale Stables connected with the Eagle Hotel, respectfully call the attention of Travelers, Traders, and the public generally to the fact that they have, and will at all times keep on hand a large and excellent stock of

Carriages, Hacks, Buggies and Saddle Horses,

and will convey persons to any point with despatch, comfort and safety. They have in their employ none but sober, experienced and careful Drivers—such as will take pleasure in promoting the comfort of all committed to their charge.

Horses boarded by the day, week or month, on reasonable terms, and placed in charge of experienced hostlers.

Good Pastures can be furnished to any who may wish their horses pastured during the summer.

Office on same lot, nearly opposite Eagle Hotel.

J. F. SULLIVAN,
T. T. PATTON.

Asheville, July 29, 1858.

BEEF MARKET.

THE subscriber would remind his old customers that his Beef Market will be open on to-morrow (Friday) morning, at his old stand, and regularly thereafter.

THOS. GOODLAKE.

July 29, 1858.

TO THE PEOPLE.

DR. W. H. MURDOCH

Has opened at the old stand of L. Chapman, on Turkey Creek, the largest and best assortment of

Drugs and Medicines

ever offered to the public in that section of country. ALSO—Tobacco, Soda, Indigo, Madder and Copperas, which he is determined to sell at the lowest prices, for cash.

Corn, Wheat, Snake Root, and other products of the country, taken in payment of debts due him.

He will also continue the practice of Medicine in the surrounding country. His office will be at his store, where he may always be found, unless professionally absent.

Turkey Creek, July 29, 1858.

Asheville MALE ACADEMY.

THE first session of this Academy commenced on the 9th of August, and will continue twenty weeks. The building is entirely new, and located about one half a mile from the Court House, in a pleasant grove west of the village.

The course of instruction will be thorough in every branch and the great importance of *self-dependence* will be inculcated in every thing that is taught. Parents desiring to give their sons an English Education, or to have them prepared to enter any Southern College, will address Isaac B. Sawyer.

To those advanced in Mathematics practical instruction will be given in Surveying and the measuring of Heights and Distances, with the use of the Compass, transit Theodolite, Level and Rod. Instruction given in Profile making for grading, in estimating Earth work and Masonry, and in the general principles of Civil Engineering. Persons desiring *particular* information in regard to the Classical or English Course, will please address I. B. Sawyer or the undersigned.

Prices—$6 00, 9 00, 12 00, 15 00.

E. PRENTISS TUCKE, Principal.

August 19, 1858. tf

W. H. Jackson & Co.

HAVE just received, and offer for sale, a few pieces of black and colored Cloth; black and fancy Cassimers; linen Lawn, Irish linen, damask table linen, (very fine,) linen sheeting, pillow case linen, linen and cotton diaper, linen Lawn for ladies dresses, jaconet, Swiss and Nainsook muslin.

—ALSO—

a few dozen silk and linen Hose ladies silk and white kid gloves, silk mitts, long pic-nic gloves, gents colored kid gloves, a No. 1 article of Buck Gauntlets, &c., &c.

We have a large stock of Goods, and are selling them at reasonable prices for cash and to prompt paying customers. Call and see us at No. 1, Broadway, opposite Gudger's Hotel, Asheville.

July 8 1858.

MORE SOAP. 20 Doz. concentrated Lye for making Soap, just received and for sale at ASTON'S.

March 25 1858.

NEW FIRM.

THE undersigned have formed a partnership for the purpose of conducting the

MERCANTILE BUSINESS,

in the house formerly occupied by W. D Rankin & Co., in the name of GAINES, DEAVER & CO., where they hope to see and serve all the old patrons of the house, and new customers not a few.

M. M. GAINES,
W. H. DEAVER,
A. GAINES.

Asheville Jan. 1, 1857.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Gaines, Deaver & Co.,

Have just received an excellent assortment of Miles, City and Northern Made *BOOTS & SHOES.*

Asheville, July 24, 1857.

THE OFFICIAL VOTE

HAS not yet been figured up but the reader will please bear in mind that the largest and best assortment of Stationery, Cap, Letter and Note Paper, Envelopes, &c., &c., &c., ever offered to the citizens of Buncombe may be seen and bought by calling at

ASTON'S.

Aug. 12, 1858.

CURES GUARANTEED.

Cancers and Scrofula Cured.

One Hundred and Thirteen Cases Cured Last Year, 1857.

Pamphlets containing testimonials of the highest character as to his success, will be forwarded to any that may wish them. Those wishing to test the efficacy of *DR CLOPTON'S* wonderful remedies, must give a correct description of the disease, its appearance in its incipient stage, progress, present condition, location &c.

A three cent stamp must accompany all communications. Address,

J. A. CLOPTON, M. D.,
Huntsville, Ala.

August 19, 1858. 1y

The Yankee Pedlar.

The importance of importing your own stock, if you are going into the wool business, is emphatically enforced in the following capital story, that comes to us from a very agreeable correspondent:

"Some years ago, I was travelling on the eastern shore of Maryland, and stopped for the night at the house of a gentleman named Jones. He was not at home, but his wife received me very politely. I was in the capacity of a traveling merchant, a peripatetic vender of notions, vulgarly called a pedlar.—She made a few purchases of articles useful in the family, and might have bought more, had not Mr. Jones returned unexpectedly, and at once commenced abusing me most roundly, and said he didn't want any pedlars about his house. I gave him back the change in his own coin till he cooled down, when I asked him what made him mad at all 'gentlemen in my line of business?' He told me:

"A few months ago, a Yankee pedlar was about here, selling his ware, and taking pay in anything he could get. My neighbor farmer, Mr. Brown, had a very troublesome ram; one day he jumped the fence and got into the wheat, and another day into the corn, and was always where he had no business to be. One day, just as the farmer had got him out and tied him up, this pedlar came along and wanted to sell his tin ware.

"Mr. Brown said he would sell him the old ram and take his pay in tin. The pedlar took him up, offering him two dollars worth of his truck for the ugly old sheep; the farmer agreed, picked out his tin things, the pedlar hoisted the ram, with legs tied, into his confounded old cart, and drove right along here to my house, and had the impudence, yes, the scoundrel had! to tell me the ram had been imported from England by order of one of the rich farmers, Jeffers, down the country, and he had agreed to take it to him; it had cost $200 on landing, and he was to have $250 for it when he delivered it to Mr. Jeffers, but he was so tired of having the plaguey thing in his wagon, that he would take $100 for it, the first chance he could get. I was quite anxious to improve my stock, and thought this so fine an opportunity to buy an imported full blood, as the rascal warranted it to be, that I paid the fellow $100; and he cut the strings and let the ram run. Sure enough, he did run, full split, right over the fence, and I after him, and my niggers coming on. In fifteen minutes, my ram, niggers, and I fetched up in Brown's yard, when I found that I had been sold as well as that rascally old sheep. Before I got back, the pedlar had sold ten dollars worth of wooden nutmegs and nonsense to my wife, and had gone off to parts unknown. He never came this way again; and if you are one of that sort, you had better put up your traps and be moving."

Finally, I prevailed on him to let me stop till morning, and to accept a few Yankee notions without fee or reward. But he will never forget that $100 and his neighbor's ram."

A Wild Man.—A human being, supposed to be a wild man, is said to have been seen in the neighborhood of Lancaster, N. H. He was once discovered in the pasture, helping himself to milk from one of the cows, with the gusto of a nursing infant.

An Unlucky Lover.—In New York a few days since, a wedding was to take place between Peter Luyster and a young lady of Fulton avenue, which was indefinitely postponed, after the intended bride had waited several hours beyond the appointed time, for her lover. It turned out afterwards, that he, while on his way to the wedding, had been decoyed by thieves, drugged and robbed of his watch, $250 in money, and the wedding suit on his back.

A Wrong Guess.—A physician going down State street with a friend of his, said to him, "Let us avoid that pretty little woman you see there on the left; she knows me, and casts on me looks of indignation. I attended her husband———"

"Ah! I understand; you had the misfortune to dispatch him."

"On the contrary," replied the doctor, "I saved him."—*Schenectady Reflector.*

The editors of the Boston Liberator say that they "do not acknowledge the divinity of cotton." Nor do we, but we think there is in hemp "a divinity that will shape their ends."

Dry Subject.—A Miss Roberts, of Utica, New York, is lecturing on Old Maids.

Decidedly Cool.—The following correspondence is said to have taken place between a New Haven merchant and one of his customers:

"Sir—Your account has been standing for two years. I must have it settled immediately."

To which the customer replied:

"Sir—Things usually do settle by standing; I regret that my account is an exception. If it has been *standing* too long suppose you let it *run* a little while."

A man very much intoxicated was sent to jail. "Why did you not bail him out?" inquired a bystander of a friend. "Bail him out! why you couldn't pump him out!"

A one armed man is always an off-handed kind of a fellow.

BROKE JAIL.

W. H. JACKSON & Co.,

Successors to Messrs. SMITH & CHAPMAN, beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have on hands a large and complete stock of

DRY GOODS,

Men and Boys clothing, Gents furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, of all sizes and qualities, Leather, Saddles and Bridles, Groceries, Drugs, Medicines, Hardware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Carpenters Tools, Crockery and a variety of notions, &c., &c.

Their stock will at all times, be found large and complete, and they respectfully invite the former patrons of the late firm of Messrs. Smith & Chapman, and all others who visit Asheville for the purpose of buying

GOODS,

to call and examine their stock, feeling assured that after you have looked through and priced their Goods, you cannot fail to buy.

Merchants are requested to call and price their Goods, they will sell at wholesale at

Very Low Prices.

Call at the old stand of Messrs. Smith & Chapman, opposite Gudger's Hotel.

Asheville, March 25, 1858.

T. W. MURRELL,

COLLECTING AGENT,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

WILL attend to collecting claims of all kinds, with promptness and punctuality. He especially offers his services to publishers of newspapers and periodicals. Those who employ him may expect returns to be made as promptly as possible.

References.—Asheville: A. S. Merrimon, M. Erwin, N. W. Woodfin, Joshua Roberts, and Z. B. Vance, Esq'rs; Dr. J. F. E. Hardy, W. W. McDowell, and Gaines, Deaver & Co. Hendersonville: W. M. Shipp, Esq. Morganton: Col. B. S. Gaither. Editors of News and Spectator, Asheville; and Herald of Truth, Hendersonville.

Asheville, Feb. 11, '58.

ED. J. ASTON,

Druggist and Apothecary.

STORE Brick Corner opposite the Court House.

RESIDENCE, CHURCH STREET,

Opposite the Episcopal Church.

Prescriptions put up with accuracy and despatch at all hours of the day or night.

March 25, 1858.

TAILORING.

New Shop at an Old Stand.

C. GREEN,

HAVING removed from Hendersonville to this place, would respectfully inform the citizens of Buncombe, and the west generally, that he has bought out the establishment lately kept by John W. Wilson, on the west side of Main street, a few doors below the Courthouse square, and having refurnished it with a new stock of materials, he is at all times prepared to execute work in the neatest, most durable style. He will warrant as good fits and well made jobs as can be obtained in this section.

All kinds of Trimmings for Coats, Pants, and Vests kept constantly on hand.

HAIR-BRAIDING.

Having many years since learned the art of Braiding Hair into the different forms of ornament, he is prepared to execute all such work, as Bracelets, Necklaces, Watch Guards, Rings, Ear-Drops, Breastpins, &c., at a reasonable price and in the neatest style. Specimens of his work in this art may be seen at the store of Summey, McDowell & Co. Orders left with them will be attended to with punctuality.

Asheville, May 13, 1858.

MATTONS PATTENT INDIA Rubber Syringes, a fresh lot just received and for sale at ASNOT'S

March 25, 1858.

JUST received a fine lot of Hammered Tire Iron by

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

August 7, 1856.

Call and Settle.

ALL persons indebted to the undersigned are requested to call and settle by the 1st of January, or as soon after as convenient.—Annual settlements we must and will have with all our customers.

GAINS BEAVER & Co.

Asheville, Dec. 17, 1857.

OUR WANTS.

PERSONS owing us for the past year must pay, or make satisfactory arrangements about their debts, or they need not be surprised to find a legal agent waiting upon them.

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

Asheville, April 15, '58.

ALL who wish to purchase *cheap Goods* can be accommodated at the store of

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

April 3. tf

BUY your Books and Stationery at ASTON'S.

Save Your Wood,

BY buying some of my STOVES for cooking and warming your rooms.

ALSO,

Call and examine a large assortment of

TIN WARE,

of every variety, which I will sell cheap for cash or old Copper, wholesale or retail.

Any article in my line made to order at short notice.

H. LINDSEY.

Asheville, March 20, 1856.—tf

A LARGE stock of fashionable READY MADE CLOTHING, just received, and for sale, by RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

April 3. tf

WILBOR'S Cod Liver Oil and Phosphate of Lime, for sale at ASTON'S,

This Way, Squire.

Cantwell's Justice, or the North Carolina Magistrate, a practical guide to the laws of the State, and the decisions of the Supreme Court, defining the duties and Jurisdiction of the Justice of the Peace out of Court, under the Revised Code of 1854'5 together with full instructions and numerous and new forms and precedents.

BY EDWARD CANTWELL, L. L. B.

Counsellor at Law.

One Volume of nearly 600 pages. Just received and for sale at ASTON'S.

On the receipt of $4,00 the work will be sent by mail prepaid to any address. Address

E. J. ASTON.

Asheville, N. C.

AYER'S

CHERRY PECTORAL,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Colds, Coughs, and Hoarseness.

Brimfield, Mass., 20th Dec., 1855.

Dr. J. C. Ayer: I do not hesitate to say the best remedy I have ever found for Coughs, Hoarseness, Influenza, and the concomitant symptoms of a Cold, is your Cherry Pectoral. Its constant use in my practice and my family for the last ten years has shown it to possess superior virtues for the treatment of these complaints. EBEN KNIGHT, M. D.

A. B. MORTLEY, Esq., of Utica, N. Y., writes: "I have used your *Pectoral* myself and in my family ever since you invented it, and believe it the best medicine for its purpose ever put out. With a bad cold I should sooner pay twenty-five dollars for a bottle than do without it, or take any other remedy."

Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza.

Springfield, Mass., Feb. 7, 1856.

Brother Ayer: I will cheerfully certify, your *Pectoral* is the best remedy we possess for the cure of whooping cough, croup, and the chest diseases of children. We of your fraternity in the South appreciate your skill, and commend your medicine to our people.

HIRAM CONKLIN, M. D.

AMOS LEE, Esq., Montreat, Ia., writes, 3d Jan., 1856: "I had a tedious Influenza, which confined me in doors six weeks; took many medicines without relief; finally tried your *Pectoral* by the advice of our clergyman. The first dose relieved the soreness in my throat and lungs; less than one half the bottle made me completely well. Your medicines are the cheapest as well as the best we can buy, and we esteem you, Doctor, and your remedies, as the poor man's friend."

Asthma or Phthisic, and Bronchitis.

West Manchester, Pa., Feb. 4, 1856.

Sir: Your *Cherry Pectoral* is performing marvellous cures in this section. It has relieved several from alarming symptoms of consumption, and is now curing a man who has labored under an affection of the lungs for the last forty years. HENRY L. PARKS, Merchant.

A. A. RAMSEY, M. D., Albion, Monroe Co., Iowa, writes, Sept. 6, 1855: "During my practice of many years I have found nothing equal to your *Cherry Pectoral* for giving ease and relief to consumptive patients, or curing such as are curable."

We might add volumes of evidence, but the most convincing proof of the virtues of this remedy is found in its effects upon trial.

Consumption.

Probably no one remedy has ever been known which cured so many and such dangerous cases as this. Some no human aid can reach; but even to those the *Cherry Pectoral* affords relief and comfort.

Astor House, New York City, March 5, 1856.

Doctor Ayer, Lowell: I feel a duty and a pleasure to inform you what your *Cherry Pectoral* has done for my wife. She had been five months laboring under the dangerous symptoms of Consumption, from which no aid we could procure gave her much relief. She was steadily failing, until Dr. Strong, of this city, where we have come for advice, recommended a trial of your medicine. We bless his kindness, as we do your skill; for she has recovered from that day. She is not yet as strong as she used to be, but is free from her cough, and calls herself well.

Yours with gratitude and regard,

ORLANDO SHELBY, of Shelbyville.

Consumptives, do not despair till you have tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It is made by one of the best medical chemists in the world, and its cures all around us bespeak the high merits of its virtues.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

THE sciences of Chemistry and Medicine have been taxed their utmost to produce this best, most perfect purgative which is known to man. Innumerable proofs are shown that these Pills have virtues which surpass in excellence the ordinary medicines, and that they win unprecedentedly upon the esteem of all men. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart healthy tone with strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also formidable and dangerous diseases that have baffled the best of human skill. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm. Cures have been made which surpass belief were they not substantiated by men of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have lent their names to certify to the public the reliability of my remedies, while others have sent me the assurance of their conviction that my Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of my afflicted, suffering fellow-men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing directions for their use and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:—

Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from a foul stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid Inaction of the Bowels and Pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, all Ulcerous and Cutaneous Diseases which require an evacuant medicine, Scrofula or King's Evil. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system, cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout, and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with some other pill they make more profit on. Ask for Ayer's Pills, and take nothing else. No other they can give you compares with this in its intrinsic value or curative powers. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER,

Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.

Price 25 Cts. per Box. Five Boxes for $1.

SOLD BY

E. J. ASTON, Asheville; W. D. Whitted, Hendersonville; J. M. Craton, Rutherfordton; and by all Druggists & Dealers in Medicine. Wholesale by Haviland, Stevenson & Co., Charleston.

June 17, 1858. 1y

BLACKSMITHING.

THE subscriber is still carrying on the

Smithing Business,

in all its branches, at his old stand in the south end of Asheville.

The superior manner in which he has horses shod, carriages, buggies and waggons ironed, and all manner of work done, are too well known to render it necessary to more than say he will as heretofore turn out none but good work.

Country produce of all kinds taken in payment for work, but it must in every case be delivered before the work is removed.

ELIAS L. TRIPLETT.

March 20, 1856.

ARTHUR'S

Self-Sealing

Fruit Cans,

For Sale by

E. J. ASTON.

WE WILL MAKE IT TO THE interest of the

Citizens of Asheville

And the surround'ng Country, to buy

GOODS

Of us. Call and see us at Smith & Chapman's old stand opposite Gudger's Hotel, Asheville.

W. H. JACKSON & Co.

April 1, 1858.

ALL MEDICINES

PUT up and sold at ASTON'S are WARRANTED to be equal in Purity and quality to any sold anywhere or by any person.

March 25, 1858.

50 *BUSHELS No. 1 CORN MEAL* and a fine lot of *FLOUR* for sale at W. H. JACKSON & Co's.

April 15, 1858.

Fresh Garden Seeds,

JUST received and for SALE at ASTON'S.

March 25, 1858.

North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company.

AT the Annual Meeting of the North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company, held on the 14th inst., the following persons were elected Directors and Officers for the ensuing year:

DIRECTORS:

Henry D. Turner, Raleigh.
J. R. Williams, do.
T. H. Selby, do.
C. W. D. Hutchings, do.
Kemp P. Battle, do.
George Little, do.
James M. Towles, do.
James E. Hoyt, Washington.
Alex. Mitchell, Newbern.
Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington.
John M. Jones, Edenton.
W. W. Griffin, Elizabeth City.
F. F. Fagan, Plymouth.
J. W. Harrell, Murfreesboro.
H. B. Williams, Charlotte.
George A. Smith, Milton.
O. F. Long, Hillsboro'.
Joseph White, Anson county.
Josh. Boner, Salem.
A. T. Summey, Asheville.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY.

T. H. Selby, President.
H. D. Turner, Vice President.
John H. Bryan, Attorney.
Hamden S. Smith, Secretary and Treasurer.
T. H. Selby, *ex officio*, John R. Williams, C. W. D. Hutchings, } Executive Committee

This Company has been in successful operation over 10 years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State, (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms. Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,737,649, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present Capital is over Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds, properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been less than one third of one per cent. per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid. HAMDEN S. SMITH, Sec.

A. T. Summey, Agent, Asheville.

Raleigh, March 12, '57. 1y

North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company.

OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company insures the lives of individuals for one year, a term of years, or for life, on the Mutual principle, the assured for life participating in the profits of the Company. For policies granted for the whole term of life, when the premium therefor amounts to $30, a note may be given for one half the amount of the premium bearing interest at 6 per cent without guaranty.

The prompt manner in which all losses have been paid by this Company together with the low rates of premium, present great inducements to such as are disposed to insure.

Slaves are insured for a term of from one to five years, for two-thirds their value.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

DIRECTORS.

Charles E. Johnson, Wm. W. Holden,
Wm. D. Haywood, Wm. D. Cooke,
James F. Jordan, R. H. Battle,
Quinten Busbee, Wm. H. Jones,
H. W. Husted, P. F. Pescud,
Wm. H. McKee, K. P. Battle.
Charles B. Root,

OFFICERS.

Dr. Charles E. Johnson, President,
William D. Haywood, Vice President.
R. H. Battle, Secretary,
William H. Jones, Treasurer,
H. W. Husted, Attorney,
Charles E. Johnson, M. D. } Medical
William H. McKee, M. D. } Board of
Richd. B. Haywood, M. D. } Consultation.
Q. Busbee, W. H. McKee, Charles B. Root, } Executive Committee.

For further information, the public are referred to the pamphlets, and forms of proposal, which may be obtained at the Office of the Company, or any of its Agencies.

Communications should be addressed, (post paid,) to R. H. BATTLE, Secretary.

A. T. Summey, Agent, Asheville.

Raleigh, March 12, 1857—1y.

ASHEVILLE

Mutual Insurane Company,

AT a meeting of the members of the *Asheville Mutual Insurance Company*, convened in Asheville on Friday October 17th, the following Board of Directors and Officers were elected to serve during the year, viz:

DIRECTORS.

James W. Patton, W. D. Rankin, J. M. Blair, N. W. Woodfin, J. E. Patton, B. J. Smith, Hugh Johnston, Ephraim Clayton, M. Patton.

OFFICERS.

J. R. Osborne, President.
W. W. McDowell, Vice President.
J. B. Rankin, Secretary and Treasurer.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

J. W. Patton, W. D. Rankin, M. Patton.

MEDICAL BOARD.

J. F. E. Hardy, M. D.
J. D. Boyd, " "
W. L. Hilliard, " "

ATTORNIES.

Z. B. Vance, A. S. Merrimon.

All communications should be addressed to J. B. RANKIN, *Secretary.*

Asheville, Nov. 15, 1856.

THE SMALL POX

HAVING lost its power to alarm, and the people having began again to benefit themselves by selections from our stock of useful and beautiful

GOODS

we take this occasion to say that we are better prepared than usual to accommodate and are rejoicing in hope of maintaining and even exceeding, our share of patronage heretofore received.

SMITH, BAIRD & CO.

Asheville, May 1, 1857. tf.

CLOVER SEED,

FOR sale by GAINES, DEAVER & Co.

[April 22, 1858.

THE most extensive assortment of Boots and Shoes ever offered in Asheville, for sale by RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

FRESH Drugs and Medicines always at ASTON'S.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases.

THE HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a *Charitable Act* worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give *Medical Advice Gratis* to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, habits, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty, to *Furnish Medicines Free of Charge.* It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors of the Association, in their Annual Report upon the treatment of Sexual Diseases, for the year ending January 1st, 1858, express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of the Consulting Surgeon in the cure of Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self-abuse, &c., and order a continuance of the same plan for the ensuing year.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with renewed zeal, to this very important and much despised cause.

An admirable Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation, or Self-abuse, and other diseases of the sexual organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, will be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope.) *Free of Charge*, on receipt of *TWO STAMPS* for postage.—Other Reports and Tracts on the nature and treatment of sexual diseases, diet, &c., are constantly being published for gratuitous distribution, and will be sent to the afflicted. Some of the new remedies and methods of treatment discovered during the last year, are of great value.

Address for Report or treatment, Dr. GEORGE R. CALHOUN, Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street Philadelphia, Pa.

By order of the Directors.

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, *Pres.*

Geo. Fairchild, *Secretary.*

May 20, 1858. 1y.

Result of the Panic.

SPRING STOCK

FOR 1858.

THIS IS TO impart to the public the gratifying intelligence that having recently recovered from a spell of that terrifying disease known throughout the country as *"the panics,"* ASTON *"is himself again,"* and is now receiving and opening heavy additions to his

Stock of Pure Drugs and MEDICINES,

and is prepared as heretofore to furnish his customers with any thing in his line, guaranteeing the same to be *pure, fresh, genuine and reliable.*

Persons Purchasing

Drugs of him, may, confidently, rely on their quality, as he buys his supplies of none but the most reliable houses, and gives his personal attention to the compounding of all his own preparations.

Physicians, and all others are invited to give him a call at the

BRICK CORNER

immediately opposite the COURT HOUSE, where may be found an individual who is always ready and willing to minister to the wants of the afflicted in all the various branches of his profession, and on terms perfectly reasonable and satisfactory.

March 25, 1858.

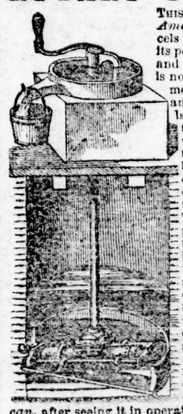
NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to W. D. Rankin & Co., are requested to make payment against January Court, and save cost. We are compelled to have money, and those who do not pay, or make satisfactory arrangements, will find their claims in the hands of an officer after that time.

Asheville, Dec. 17, 1857.

Lindsey's Double-Acting

ROTARY FORCE PUMP.



This pump has just been patented in *America* and *England*, and far excels any pump heretofore invented; its peculiarities are *simplicity, power*, and *cheapness*. Its simplicity; there is nothing about it but iron and cast metal, and it can be taken apart and put up by any one, and will last for an age. It has the power to raise water *hundreds of feet*, with the extra expense of $3 and the price of pipe. Water rises in it by hand 100 feet per minute! For cheapness a No. 1. pump (for all ordinary purposes) complete, and fifty feet of pipe, costs but $30! The handle at the top, turns the pipe and pump, and every revolution fills the cylinder twice, affording an abundant supply of water with the least possible expense and labor. It is peculiarly adapted to *deep wells, rail road stations, salt works, mining and manufacturing purposes.* Wherever it is introduced, the old force, suction and chain pumps will disappear. Practical and scientific men pronounce it as without an equal, for all that is here claimed for it. The *Scientific American*, after seeing it in operation, says. "*This pump is very simple in construction, not liable to get out of order, durable, easily operated and economical; we regard it as an excellent improvement.*" Circulars with an accurate drawing and full description sent free of charge to all parts of the country. No. 1, has a one inch pipe; No. 2, 1¼ inches; No. 3, 1¼ inches; and the prices $30, $42, $54; the No. 2 and 3 are designed for *very deep wells, railroad stations*, &c. where much water is required. The subscriber is the general agent for the sale of these pumps to all parts of the world, and *exclusive agent for* New York. Orders must be accompanied by the *cash*, and should be explicit as to the kind of pump wanted, depth of well, shipping address, &c. They will meet prompt attention. A pump and pipe weighs about 170 lbs. No charge for shipping or cartage. Wells over 50 feet should have extra gearing, which costs $3.

JAMES M. EDNEY,
Com. Merchant, 56 John St. N. Y.

For sale by H. Lindsey, Inventor, Asheville, N. C.

"Call at Lewis' Gallery."

THE interesting picture of "Mitchell's Falls" on Black Mountain, as Ambrotyped by *OSCAR M. LEWIS* of Asheville, and Lithographed by the finest Artist in the city of New York, is now received and ready for exhibition. It is a picture 10 by 14 inches, finished in "tints" and colored to nature, in the finest style of the art.

The picture is accompanied with a Key and Memorial, and can be had on application at "Lewis' Gallery," Main street, Asheville, at the following prices:

In "Tints," without frame and glass,	$2 00
Colored to Nature, without frame & glass,	3 00
In "Tints," Picture and Key framed in gilt and glass,	3 00
Colored to Nature, framed in gilt and glass,	4 00

Orders filled when accompanied with the cash, and pictures sent to any part of the State or elsewhere. [Asheville, Jan. 7, 1858.

Fresh Citron.

JUST received at ASTON'S.

April, 17.

BUY your Drugs and Medicines at ASTON'S.

TAKEN UP,

AND lodged in the Jail of Madison county, N. C., on the 18th of June, a negro man, who says his name is

DENNIS,

and that he belongs to Wm. W. Davis, of Hendersonville. I therefore request the owner of said negro to come forward, and pay all charges, or the said negro will be dealt with according to law.

J. D. BRADLEY, Jailor.

July 1, 1858.

O. M. LEWIS'

Daguerreian and Ambrotype GALLERY,

On Main Street, south of the Court House.

PICTURES of all sizes taken, from that of the finger ring to the *whole* size.

Instructions given in either Daguer or Ambrotyping, on most reasonable terms. Nov 20

TO OUR CUSTOMERS,

WHO have patronized us so very liberally, we hereby tender our sincere thanks, and solicit for our successors that favor and patronage we have been the recipients of. The junior partners have been trained and brought up under our care; and we can confidently recommend them to our old friends and the public generally,

To those indebted to us we say, we must have money; and that without delay. We owe money, and to those indebted to us we must look for aid. W. D. RANKIN & CO.

April 9, 1857.

DONE SO SLICK

That Asheville is Bound to Shine.

THE subscriber feels thankful for past patronage from the citizens of Asheville and the surrounding country, and is now better prepared to do work with neatness and despatch than ever before, and intends to try to do his work so that it will increase his business. Any person wanting Carriages or Buggies made, or repaired, will find it to their advantage to call and examine his work and prices before making contracts elsewhere.

Good lumber, corn, wheat, flour, bacon or lard, will be taken for work. Repairing must be paid for before it leaves the shop, as he works too low to have to earn his pay two or three times.

Shop in the south end of Asheville, near the branch. Call and make contracts.

W. T. CARTER.

Asheville January 28, 1858.

The Ladies

ARE invited to examine our stock of Shoes, Flats, elegant trimmed and untrimmed Bonnets, dress goods of all varieties, from 75 cents calico gowns to $40 silks; wreathes for brides and parties, elegant French embroidered Collars from 50 cents to $9; hoop skirts, setts of brass, steel, rattan and whalebone hoops. In fact, every thing that a lady needs to add to her comfort and charms, externally.

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

SUGAR CANE SEED.

CHINESE Sugar Cane Seed can be had at the store of

SUMMEY & McDOWELL.

Asheville, March 11, 1858.

TAKE PARTICULAR

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO us are requested to call and make settlement immediately. "Short settlements make long friends," and if our friends only knew how much we are in want of money they would surely call and pay a little if not all they owe us; all accounts made in 1857 were due 1st January 1858; don't put us to the disagreeable necessity of dunning you in person, but call at once and settle your account.

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & Co.

March 18, 1858.

RANKIN & CHAPMAN,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, HOSIERY, FANCY GOODS, HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, BOOTS, SHOES, CROCKERY, HARDWARE, DRUGS, GROCERIES, &c., &c.,

Asheville, N. C.

April 3, 1857. tf

A *FINE LOT OF CARPETING* Rugs, Mats, &c.

FOR SALE

at Smith & Chapman's old stand, opposite Gudger's Hotel, by

W. H. JACKSON & Co.

Asheville, April 1, 1858.

Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

OUR stock of these goods is large and inviting. Our coats commence in price at $3; pants 75 cents, and vests 62 cents. Other things in proportion.

SMITH, BAIRD & CO.

May 1, 1856. tf.

Paper: Paper.

PRINTING and Wrapping paper constantly on hand and for sale at ASTON'S.

March 25, 1858.

A Change.

AMBROSE GAINES having disposed of his interest in the business of Gaines, Deaver & Co., retires from the concern.

The business will be continued by the remaining partners. [April 22, 1858.

1000 Lbs. Old Copper

WANTED, for which I will pay Stoves or Tin Ware.

H. LINDSEY.

March 27, 1856.—tf

ALL MATERIALS

For making Roraback's Soap for sale in any quantities, at ASTON'S.

FLAX SEED.

I WISH to purchase 500 bushels of good clean Flax Seed. E. J. ASTON.

April 16.

LIGHT READING.

All the popular Novels of the day constantly on hand, at ASTON'S.

ARTHUR'S

Self-Sealing Cans and Jars are just the thing for preserving Fruit of every description. For sale by W. H. JACKSON & CO.

Asheville, June 3, 1858.